SEVENTH LENGTH SEVENTH

ANNUAL REPORT

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OF THE

Pennsylvania Railroad Co.

TO THE

STOCKHOLDERS,

February 6, 1854.

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DIRECTORS, 1854-1855.

By the Stockholders.

J. EDGAR THOMSON,

CHRISTIAN E. SPANGLER,

GEORGE W. CARPENTER,

JOHN YARROW,

WASHINGTON BUTCHER,

SAMUEL JEANES,

JOHN FARNUM.

By the City of Philadelphia.

GEORGE HOWELL,

ALEXANDER J. DERBYSHIRE,

WILLIAM R. THOMPSON.

By the Commissioners of Allegheny County.
WILLIAM ROBINSON, Jr.

By the Commissioners of Spring Garden.
WILLIAM NEAL.

By the Commissioners of Northern Liberties.

EDWARD T. MOTT.

President, J. EDGAR THOMSON.

Treasurer,
GEORGE VAUX BACON.

Secretary, THOMAS T. FIRTH.

ANNUAL MEETING.

At the Seventh Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, held at Sansom Street Hall, on Monday, February 6, 1854, on motion of A. J. Derbyshire, Esq, Charles Gilpin, Mayor, was appointed Chairman, George Boldin, Secretary.

The Secretary of the Company, Mr. Thomas T. Firth, read the Report of the Board of Directors.

The Report with the Reports of the Chief Engineer and Treasurer were received and ordered to be printed. Also a letter from Mr. Edward Miller, late Engineer of the Company.

Mr. A. J. Derbyshire offered the following:

WHEREAS, The Stockholders of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company in the year 1852 agreed to subscribe \$150,000 to the Capital Stock of the Ohio and Pennsylvania Railroad Company, for the purpose of extending that road across the Allegheny River to the Pennsylvania Railroad, at the outer depot of this Company, and as it appears from the Report of the Chief Engineer of the Ohio and Pennsylvania Railroad Company, that a connection upon the route designated would prove very expensive, and also involve the necessity of introducing upon it objectionable gradients; and as the said point of crossing is also considered by the citizens of Pittsburgh as injurious to their interests. Therefore, it is

Resolved, That the Directors of this Company be authorized to make said subscription; Provided, The place of crossing the Alle-

gheny River shall not be further west than the lower side of the State Aqueduct, over said river.

Mr. Roberts, Engineer, explained and advocated the above resolution.

The preamble and resolution were adopted unanimously.

Elliott Cresson, Esq., offered a resolution in reference to the endorsement of the bonds of the Steubenville and Indiana Railroad Company, which, at the suggestion of Charles Gilpin, Esq. was modified to read as follows:

Resolved, That the Board of Directors of this Company are hereby authorized to guarantee, upon the conditions stated in a communication of the President of the Steubenville and Indiana Railroad Company to the Councils of this city (and such others as shall be satisfactory to the Board of Directors), the bonds of said Company to an amount not exceeding five hundred thousand dollars.

The resolution as modified was unanimously adopted.

Mr. McMichael submitted the following resolution:

WHEREAS, The increasing trade and travel over the Pennsylvania Railroad will, in the opinion of this meeting, require additional facilities for its speedy transmission to and from this city;

AND WHEREAS, The capacity of the State Road will not be sufficient to accommodate it when a double track is laid on the Pennsylvania Railroad, it therefore becomes necessary to look to some other additional channel. AND WHEREAS, The authority given in the Charter granted to the Lancaster, Lebanon, and Pine Grove Railroad Company, for the construction of such a railroad will, if carried into effect, accomplish so desirable a result; therefore,

Resolved, That the Board of Directors of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company be, and they are, hereby authorized to subscribe in the name of this Company for ten thousand shares of fifty dollars each of the capital stock of the Lancaster, Lebanon, and Pine Grove Railroad Company, upon such terms and conditions as they may deem proper.

The passage of the above resolution was urged by Messrs. McMichael, Cresson, Wickersham, and Thomson.

Mr. E. A. Penniman asked for the authority of the Company to subscribe to the stock of the road.

Mr. Foster replied by reading that portion of the Charter of the Lancaster, Lebanon, and Pine Grove Company, giving the authority.

Mr. Magee regretted the necessity of making the road, but considered the action of the Canal Board as having rendered such a course necessary.

Mr. Thomas Biddle would ask the Directors if this was the last of the important enterprises the Company would be called on to assist.

Mr. J. E. Thomson stated that the Directors had concluded to subscribe to no more enterprises in or out of the State.

Mr. Elkin inquired about the amount of private subscriptions.

Replied to by Messrs. Derbyshire and Spangler.

Mr. Roberts stated that the resolution did not make it imperative on the Directors to make the subscription, but authorized them to do so if they deemed it expedient.

The resolution was adopted with but one dissenting voice.

CHARLES GILPIN,

Chairman.

Geo. Boldin, Secretary.

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SEVENTH ANNUAL REPORT.

Office of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company,

Philadelphia, January 31, 1854.

To the Stockholders of the

Pennsylvania Railroad Company.

At your last Annual Meeting the Board had the gratification to announce that a continuous railway had been opened from Philadelphia to Pittsburgh, by the temporary use of the Portage Railroad across the Allegheny Mountain. The construction of our own road across this barrier has been pressed forward with as much vigor as circumstances would permit. Its completion before the close of the year was looked forward to with much confidence, but the extraordinary demand for laborers, and the diminished product of their daily services (a uniform consequence of any sudden increase in the rate of wages), has materially delayed the completion of the work, and also added to its cost. To prevent delay, the contractors have been regularly supplied with men from the seaboard at the expense of the Company. The detention has, therefore, not been so much the result of a diminished force as from the reduced product of each laborer-a larger number having been employed, generally, upon the heavy sections than true economy would have justified, if the first cost of the work had been the only consideration for urging its completion. Notwithstanding these difficulties, however, we have the satisfaction to state that a locomotive has passed through the Allegheny Tunnel, and that it will be placed in a condition for

general use, with the remainder of the Mountain Division, during the month of February.

An express train will then be started, to run through from Philadelphia to Pittsburgh in 15 hours, this time to be further reduced during the ensuing Summer, when a double line is extended across the mountain, and the tracks placed in a condition for high velocities.

The influence of these increased facilities upon the business and prospects of the line through Pennsylvania will doubtless prove of the most gratifying character. We shall then be in a condition to compete in speed and terms for the travel and produce of the West with either of our rivals. Notwithstanding the imperfect character of our line during the past year, and the reduced local and through charges for freight and produce, compared with previous years, the receipts of the Company from the operations of the road have been highly satisfactory. The gross amount stated, as heretofore, would be \$2,846,110.16, which includes a portion of the local receipts of the Columbia Road; excluding these the amount is \$2,774,889.37 -leaving a profit, after deducting taxes and expenses of transportation, of \$1,101,208.08. The whole expense of conducting the business of the road during the year was \$1,673,681.29, only \$346,879.35 more than that of last year. This small difference is to be attributed chiefly to the completion of a continuous road to Pittsburgh, by which the wagon and boat service at the western end of the line has been dispensed with. It is also in part due to the reduced tolls on the State Railroads, though these are yet high. compared with the charges made to the through transporters for their use.

The total amount paid during the year for tolls to the State, Harrisburg and Lancaster, and Baltimore and Susquehanna Railroads was \$779,611.62, all of which is included under the head of expenses of "Conducting Transportation." Of this amourt \$213,775.62 was paid for the use of the Portage Railroad. If we add to this sum \$20,000 for services of extra brakemen, necessarily employed on that road, who will not be required on our own line across the mountain, we have the sum of \$233,775.62 from this year's business, that would have been credited to the Mountain Division, if it had been completed; a sum fully sufficient to meet the interest on the cost of that part of the road, together with the increased expense of working it.

A number of tables are appended to the Report of the Superintendent, containing valuable information in relation to the receipts and expenses of the Company, which are commended to the attentive examination of the stockholders. It will be seen from them that the through tonnage between Philadelphia and Pittsburgh has increased from 32,185 tons in 1852 to 73,499 during the past year, and the local tonnage from 36,793 to 86,133 for the same periods, making the total tonnage moved 159,632 tons, against 68,978 last year—an increase of over 100 per cent.; while the receipts from this source have increased from \$780,892.19 to \$1,507,520.50. The through tonnage of the Company will doubtless continue to increase, with the extension of our several connecting lines into the far west. But it is to the local business that we must look for the most reliable source of our revenue. At present the policy of the State forbids this Company from assisting to the extent of its capacity in the development of the resources of her interior, while the line that she has constructed between the Susquehanna and Pittsburgh, though maintained at an annual loss to the State Treasury, is, from its broken character, inadequate to secure this object. The current of trade, like that of water, is frequently changed by a very slight impediment, and forced to seek a new

channel in its course to the ocean, or waste itself in stagnant pools, spreading disease and inactivity where life and animation alone should exist. The first is the effect of this State policy on our through business, while the latter presents no over-wrought picture of its influence on the local traffic of the interior. This policy, while it prohibits the transmission of the products of our mines and forests to market, at rates that will enable the shipper to reduce the price of his commodity to a point that will compete with the operators of other regions, at the same time reduces the net receipts of the Columbia Railroad to an extent greater than the whole amount of the tax collected, thus entirely defeating its operations as a revenue measure—if such was the object of its imposition—as well as preventing the increase of taxable values consequent upon a prosperous interior trade.

It will be seen by reference to the report of the Chief Engineer that the entire cost of a double track road from Harrisburg to Pittsburgh will exceed the original estimate (\$13,600,000) but \$65,000. An additional amount for sidings at the termini and other points on the road beyond that heretofore estimated will be required to accommodate the large business that we are now preparing for, which will probably swell the whole cost of the road to \$14,000,000. The expenditures for outfit up to the close of the year have been \$2,652,676.37, which is a larger amount than originally anticipated; but it will not exceed the demands of the transportation department. We now have 79 locomotives, 1,274 eight-wheeled and 137 fourwheeled freight cars of all descriptions; also, 69 eight-wheeled passenger and 24 eight-wheeled baggage and mail cars. In consequence of the narrow space between the tracks on the State railroads, 38 of our passenger cars were constructed but 81 feet wide. The width of the best of these will be increased to 9½ feet, which can be effected at an additional cost of 25 per cent. of their original value. The remainder will be kept to meet the occasional pressing demands, for the accommodation of conventions and other sudden and accidental additions to our travel. There remained to be delivered on the 1st inst. 32 locomotives to fill our present orders, and 5 passenger cars; these are estimated to cost \$325,000. The decrease in the time that will be expended hereafter on the trip between Philadelphia and Pittsburgh by our freight trains will render unnecessary an increase for some time to our present stock of freight cars greater than can be furnished from the repair shops of the Company. These now turn out a much better article than we have been able to secure by contract, and at an equally low cost.

The business of the road during the year has been conducted with remarkable regularity and freedom from accidents, affording the strongest testimony to the good management and skill of the Superintendent and his several Assistants. They have been efficiently seconded by the Masters of the shops, the Supervisors of the road, the Conductors and Engineers of the trains, and Station Agents, all of whom have manifested a praiseworthy personal interest in the success of the enterprise with which they have become associated. Among those who have contributed to the security of the traveller, we may also refer to the very vigilant Car Inspector, Mr. Denning.

The avoidance of the inclined planes of the Portage Railroad, and the transfer of our business to a continuous line from the Columbia Railroad to Pittsburgh, under the management of this Company, will enable the Superintendent to still further systematize the operations of his department, and reduce the expenses of its management sufficiently to compensate for the increased accommodation and speed that will be afforded; relying upon the additional attractions of the route from these causes to secure an accession of travel to meet a reduction of fare between Philadelphia and Pittsburgh, after

the avoidance of the Portage Road, from \$9.50 to \$8.* The rates of freight will also be kept at a point that will insure to the route its full share of the through transportation.

The Legislature at its last session gave to this Company authority to hold, through a Trustee, during the period of five years, the remainder of the Powelton estate (63 acres) for the purpose of disposing of it. The Girard Life and Trust Company has been selected as this Trustee, and the property has been conveyed, for the benefit of this Company, to that institution. It is proposed to commence the sale of that portion west of the Columbia Railroad, during the ensuing Spring. It has been suggested that this property, in connection with a portion of the Bingham estate, would afford the most advantageous site that could be secured in the vicinity of the city, for a public park. No other point seems to possess equal attractions, and although the Board feel confident that they can realize a larger sum by retailing it as proposed, than from such a disposition of the property, they are yet disposed to throw out the suggestion for the consideration of the authorities of the consolidated city.

From the st will be see of the Cap	en that t	he receip	ts from	n Stock	holders	in payr	ment		
year,	•	-	-		-	-		311,228,020	00
The receipts	from los	ıns, &c.,		. •	-	•	-	5,084,947	91
Amount.	-	-	-	-	-	-	- 9	316,312,967	91

Which has been expended as follows:

Graduation and masonry, single track, -	\$6,271,705	90
Superstructure, including iron rails, chairs,		
cross ties, ballast, &c.,	3,053,613	65
Amount carried forward,	\$9,325,319	55

^{*}Note—This is a reduction of 62½ cents by this Company—the remainder 87½ is saved from the extra charge on the Portage Road, and a reduction of ½ cent per mile east of Harrisburg, on Pittsburgh travel.

					
Amount brought f	orward,	\$9,325,319	55	;	
Engineering,		376,826	44	:	
Land damages and real estate in Pittsbur	gh and				
on line of road,	-	474,684	15		
Real estate in Philadelphia city and co	unty, -	344,341	62		
Harrisburg Railroad,	-	7,173	41		
Graduation and superstructure of second	l track,	1,152,852	59		
Machine shop, shop machinery, static	n, and				
warehouse,	-	991,966	36		
Locomotives,	-	658,329	14		
Freight cars,	-	745,401	81		
Passenger cars,	-	232,382	94		
Road and hand cars,		24,596	12		
Balance of interest account, charges	ble to				
construction,	٠.	26,763	51		
Subscription to the stock of the Oh	io and			14,360,637	64
Pennsylvania Railroad,		\$150,000	00		
Subscription to the stock of the Oh	io and	4 200,000	•		
Indiana Railroad,		300,000	00		
Subscription to the stock of the Marie	tta and	300,500	•••		
Cincinnati Railroad,		650,000	00		-
Subscription to the stock of the Maysvi	lle and	000,000			
Big Sandy Railroad,		100,000	00	_	
Subscription to the stock of the Springfi	eld and	100,000	•	•	
Mt. Vernon Railroad,		100,000	00		
, his volice italious,			_	1,300,000	
Balance in the hands of Treasurer, -	-	•	-	652,330	27
Total as above,		-	-	\$16,312,967	91
The amount received by the Treasurer	during	the year 18	53,		
from the business of the road, &c., w			-	\$ 2,768,769	72
Of which there has been paid during					
loan holders, for interest and for exroad, &c.,	penses (or working	rtie	2,466,259	50
Leaving a surplus, which has been cred	stad to in	ntarast secon	nt		
of		rierest accou	 -	\$302 ,510	22
	•			,	_

From the above statement it will be seen that the Company has been able, from the earnings of the road, to meet the interest due to the Stock and Loanholders, and reduce the interest account charged to construction, to \$26,763.51; and, if permitted by our charter to divide the profits of the Company, before the completion of the road, a dividend could have been declared to the Shareholders, of 8 per cent. per annum—notwithstanding that fully \$3,000,000 of unproductive capital was invested in the second track, Mountain Division and outfit.

The through business of our road has increased with astonishing rapidity, and at this time exceeds that of the New York and Erie Railroad-while it has not cost us as much to obtain it as we have received from it—as appears from the statements of that Company to have been the result of their past experience. The expediency and utility of maintaining an army of noisy drummers throughout the West, has always been doubted by this Company, and practiced only to a limited extent. It is therefore gratifying to find that the experience of our neighbors has justified our own conclusions upon this subject. Information in relation to the facilities of the route can be disseminated less expensively and more efficiently through The fact that our line has commanded a remunerative other means. business with impediments at its centre, equivalent—as regards time -to an increase of its length of nearly 200 miles, shows that it has not been unknown to the traveller.

The past year has witnessed the completion of the Ohio and Pennsylvania Railroad, and its extension through the Ohio and Indiana Railroad to Patterson on the Cincinnati and Sandusky Road, giving to us two railroad connections with Cincinnati, the great centre of commerce of the Ohio Valley. The Ohio and Indiana Railroad will be completed during the present year, which

will connect us with the Wabash Canal at Fort Wayne, from whence a direct road is in progress to Chicago.

Continuous railroads have also been opened during the year, connecting the western terminus of our line with Indianapolis, Madison, Jeffersonville, Terre Haute, Evansville, Crawfordsville, Lafayette, &c., which, with the increased facilities that we shall be able to offer, must largely increase the business of the Company. The simple fact that the population of the Ohio Valley which must find their shortest and best connection with Philadelphia and New York, over our route, bears to that of the lakes the proportion of 3 to 1, explains the value of our through business,—while the density of the population of the southern half of this State, which is traversed by our road, bears to the northern half the proportion of 2 to 1, exhibits the importance of the local travel and value of the route occupied by this Company.

The Board, in obedience to the instructions of the Stockholders, subscribed, on behalf of this Company, \$750,000 to the capital stock of the Marietta and Cincinnati Railroad Company, without requiring, as they had suggested, an increase of their stock basis. The explanations of the President of that Company at the last annual meeting of this, having satisfied the Stockholders that the precautions recommended by the Board were unnecessary. They have also subscribed \$300,000 to the stock of the Ohio and Indiana Railroad Company, and have exchanged \$100,000 of the shares of the Marietta and Cincinnati Railroad Company for a like amount of the Maysville and Big Sandy Company.

The investment of this Company in the shares of the Ohio and Pennsylvania Railroad Company has already proven profitable in direct returns, and I have full confidence that the results to be derived from the operations of the Ohio and Indiana and the

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Mount Vernon Roads will be equally satisfactory when they are brought into use.

An additional subscription of \$150,000 to the stock of the Ohio and Pennsylvania Railroad Company, authorized by the Stockholders in 1852, has not been claimed by that Company, and will not be unless the condition confining the point of crossing the Allegheny River, to a connection between the two roads at our outer depot in Pittsburgh, is rescinded—which the Board recommend, provided the site of the bridge shall not be placed west of the State Aqueduct.

The importance of this connection to both companies cannot be over-estimated, and it should not be unnecessarily delayed.

The work on the Marietta and Cincinnati Road has been pressed forward with much vigor. But the character of the country traversed by that improvement, and the extent of line covered by their operations will prevent its early completion. The chief object to be secured to this Company by this enterprise was a connection with the Southern Counties of Ohio and the States of Kentucky and Tennessee. Its connection with Cincinnati is only important to us as preserving an uniform gauge to that city, and to its Stockholders as affording a large local business, without which few railroads can return reasonable profits to their shareholders. The Maysville and Big Sandy Road will connect with the Marietta Line through the Sciota Valley Road, giving to Philadelphia the much desired connection with the heart of Kentucky, at Lexington, over a road now nearly completed from Maysville to the latter place.

The Board referred in their last report to the importance and value to this Company of a more direct railroad communication with the central region of the West, by a line traversing the fertile

and populous country lying upon the parallel of latitude of Philadelphia.

The companies occupying this ground have been diligently pushing forward the enterprises they have had in charge, without heretofore claiming aid from this Company. The gauge of their roads is to be the same as that of the Pennsylvania Road,—affording the very great advantage of an interchange of cars and machinery, when the business of either line from local causes shall render such an exchange desirable. This state of things frequently arises from the uncertain navigation of the Ohio River, and has existed through nearly the whole period embraced within the last six months. If the gauge of the Ohio and Pennsylvania Railroads had been the same as that of this Company, it would have exerted the most happy influence upon the business of both companies during that time.

These advantages will be secured through the Steubenville and Indiana Railroad, if the aid desired by that Company should be extended to them. They do not ask us to assume the risks of their enterprise by becoming shareholders, but to guarantee their bonds to the extent of \$500,000—\$250,000 to be expended in completing their road from Steubenville to Newark, and \$250,000 between Newark and Columbus, both secured by a second mortgage upon that portion of the road now nearly completed east of Newark (115 miles in length), and a first mortgage upon that portion west of that place. The Board are of the opinion that this guarantee involves only a nominal risk, while the advantages to be secured from the connection will be of the most substantial character to this Company. It is, therefore, submitted to the Stockholders, with a decided expression of the opinion of the Board, that it should receive their sanction. In support of their recommendation, the Board refer the Stockholders to the accompanying letter of their late Chief Engineer, upon whose report, and after his personal examination of

the country and the condition of most of the Ohio Companies already assisted, they based their previous subscriptions to those roads.

This guarantee will fill the limit to which this Company can, under their charter, now extend aid to roads in other States, and the Board cannot advise that the privilege should be enlarged.

The graduation of the Indiana Branch, 16½ miles in length, has been placed under contract, and will be completed at an early date. Surveys have also been made of several routes for a branch line to Uniontown, as mentioned in a previous report.

That diverging from our road at Latrobe proved exceedingly difficult, and was abandoned. Another was traced from Greensburg via Connellsville, and a third passing near Perryopolis, both encountering expensive work. The cost of graduation upon either of these so far exceeded our expectations, and the local means proposed to be supplied for their construction, that the work has not been commenced. The construction of the Uniontown Branch, as a short local road only, would not be warranted by any expected increase of business to this Company. The project has heretofore been entertained as a part of a more extended line to accommodate the whole southwestern section of the State, which will, no doubt, be finally carried into effect, and prove a profitable investment. Such a line extended across Virginia, to connect with the Marietta Road, would afford the shortest practicable connection between Cincinnati and Philadelphia and New York.

The last Legislature of this State, in approving the contract between the Canal Commissioners and Messrs. Bingham and Dock, confirmed at the same time the right of this Company to run their cars over the Columbia Railroad, and all other connecting or continuous lines. Under this Act, we have purchased one-half of the stock in the passenger cars upon that road, which are now run un-

der the contract referred to. The net proceeds of the investment in this contract is passed to the credit of the original purchase of stock for that road. The contract will continue in force until the 16th of August, 1856, until which time no permanent buildings will, we think, be needed for the accommodation of the passenger trains at Philadelphia. Ground has, however, been secured for that purpose on the north side of Market Street, between Eleventh and Twelfth Streets.

The accommodations for receiving and forwarding freight at Pittsburgh, though temporary, have been found convenient and advantageous both to the citizens of that place and the Company. It is, therefore, a source of regret that any one should have been found to throw doubt upon the right of the authorities of that city to grant a lease of the property used. The result of the proceedings in relation to it have been against the city in the lower courts, but the case will be carried up to the Supreme Bench. To prevent inconvenience from an adverse decision of this tribunal, a lot has been purchased, since the close of the year, at the foot of Liberty Street, upon which to tranship freight, which is the most eligible that can be obtained for that purpose within the city limits.

In conclusion, the Board congratulate the Stockholders upon the result of the past year's operations of the Company.

The road, still unfinished, has yielded a revenue more than sufficient to meet the interest due upon all the stock and bonds issued, while the uncompleted sections of the work have been pressed forward with unabated vigor, and without a sacrifice of the credit of the Company, notwithstanding the financial crisis through which the country has passed, or is passing.

The Board claim no merit for these gratifying results—they are such as legitimately flow from the impregnable position occupied by our line, guarded, as it is, from immediate rivals by impassable natural barriers—and secured from unreasonable competition for the through traffic by the large debts and high cost of its competitors. These advantages of our route—so well understood and appreciated by capitalists, both at home and abroad—have given to the shares and credits of this Company a value which few works in a similar state of forwardness have been able to command.

The success of the enterprise as a safe and profitable investment of capital, may now be considered as established; while the favorable effects of the road in retaining and increasing the trade of the city and State—the chief motive for its construction—even with its present limited capacity, is apparent to the most superficial observer.

Its returns to the treasury of the Commonwealth upon the small freighting business of the past year show also that its operations have not been without direct benefit to the State. Upon this business only, we have paid into her coffers, using but 107 miles of her improvements, \$162,000, more than all of the other through transporters, between Philadelphia and Pittsburgh, have paid for the whole main line (400 miles in length), while we have, at the same time, furnished to her, for the canal traffic, the use of nearly six miles of our road—avoiding Plane No. 1 of the Portage Road—without having received compensation for it.

By order of the Board.

J. EDGAR THOMSON,

President.

WM. B. FOSTER, JR., Vice President.

Philadelphia, Feb. 4, 1854.

To John Edgar Thomson, Esq.,

President of the Pennsylvania Railroad.

DEAR SIR:—Mr. Firth informs me that my reply to Mr. Foster's letter of November 24th, concerning the Steubenville and Indiana Railroad, has been mislaid, and that its absence may occasion inconvenience, as you desire to refer to it in your annual report to the Stockholders.

It was written somewhat hastily, during a pressure of business, and I did not retain a copy, but can repeat substantially the opinions expressed in it, which I have seen no reason to change. They are as follows, viz.:

The Steubenville and Indiana Railroad is, essentially, a Philadelphia project in its gauge, direction, and objects, and, therefore, deserving of aid and comfort from Philadelphia.

The large amount of money expended upon it before any application for aid was made here, shows that its projectors did not call upon Hercules before putting their own shoulders to the wheel.

The trade to and from it will pass over the entire length of the Pennsylvania Road, and is, consequently, more desirable than that which leaves at any point east of Pittsburgh.

It extends our Pennsylvania gauge to the Columbus, Piqua, and Indiana Road, and through it to the railways of Indiana and Illinois without break.

The proposed site for a bridge over the Ohio at Steubenville is favorable, and there is good reason to believe that the right to construct it and the short section of railroad in Virginia will be granted.

It is the most direct line through Central Ohio to Columbus, Indianapolis, and St. Louis, which looks to Philadelphia as its terminus.

The guarantee of its bonds to the extent asked, will be a substantial aid, which will not, in my judgment, cost the Pennsylvania Railroad Company a dollar.

The management of the road is in the hands of gentlemen of character and integrity, and the Engineer is a Philadelphian of honor and of professional ability.

The Columbus, Piqua, and Indiana Road, with which it is connected, received aid from our citizens, and has already reciprocated the favor by preventing a change of gauge in the Indianapolis and Bellefontaine Road of Indiana; and I doubt not that the good feeling which Philadelphia liberality has excited in Ohio will produce lasting beneficial results to our city.

In my report, a year since, to the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, on the subject of Western extensions, I endeavored to show that there were required to develop the resources and capabilities of our great Central Road—the Ohio and Pennsylvania Road, with its prolongations to Chicago; the Cincinnati and Marietta, to Southern Ohio and Kentucky; and a central line to Columbus, Indianapolis, and St. Louis. The two first are now secured through the assistance granted by your Company. The Central Line remains, and needs and deserves your patronage. I believe the future history of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will be a very bright one, and that its Stockholders will never regret the assistance they rendered to their Ohio friends.

Very respectfully,

EDWARD MILLER.

THE TREASURER REPORTS

Amount Expended. EASTERN DIVISION. Graduation and masonry. Super-tructure, ballast, chairs, rails, ties, spikes, fills, &c	1 908.235 3 174.686 3 325,175 0 344 341 6 7,173 4 . \$4,315,063 0 . 1,145.378 3 202,140 1	35 34 19 52 41 \$4 30 10 96	1 ,716,25 4	68	\$19,081,737	65
EASTERN DIVISION. Graduation and masonry	1 908.235 3 174.686 3 325,175 0 344 341 6 7,173 4 \$\frac{1}{4}\$	35 34 19 52 41 \$4 30 10 96	1, 716,25 4	68		
EASTERN DIVISION. Graduation and masonry	1 908.235 3 174.686 3 325,175 0 344 341 6 7,173 4 \$\frac{1}{4}\$	35 34 19 52 41 \$4 30 10 96	1, 716,25 4	68		
Super-tructure, ballast, chairs, rails, ties, spikes, iills, &c	1 908.235 3 174.686 3 325,175 0 344 341 6 7,173 4 \$\frac{1}{4}\$	35 34 19 52 41 \$4 30 10 96	1, 716,25 4	68		
sills, &c	1 908.235 3 174.686 3 325,175 0 344 341 6 7,173 4 \$4,315,063 0 1,145.378 3	34 09 52 41 \$4 30 30 10 06	1, 716,25 4	68		
Real estate in Philadelphia County. Repairs Harrisburg and Lancaster Railroad WESTERN DIVISION. Graduation and masonry Superstructure, ballast, chairs, rail*, ties, spikes, sills, &c Engineer department Land damages, real estate, right of way SECOND TRACK. Graduation Superstructure, ballast, chairs, rails, ties, spikes, sills, &c	\$4,315,063 0 . 1,145.378 3	62 41 84 03 80 10 06	3, 716 , 25 4	68		
Western division. Graduation and masonry	\$4,315,063 0 1,145,378 3 202,140 1	33 30 10 06	1,716,254	68		
Graduation and masonry	. 1,145.378 3 202,140 1	30 10 06				
Superstructure, ballast, chairs, rail*, ties, spikes, sills, &c	. 1,145.378 3 202,140 1	30 10 06				
Engineer department	202,140 1	10 0 6				
Land damages, real estate, right of way	149,509 0)6		3		
Graduation Bup-rstructure, ballast, chairs, rails, ties, spikes, sills, &c			5,812,090	49		
Supristructure, ballast, chairs, rails, ties, spikes, sills, &c	i					
sills, &c	. \$429,369 0	05				
ML! L	723,483 5		,152,852	59		
Machine shops, repairs shops, stations, ware-						
houses, &c	\$991,966 3 1,660,710 0					
Subscription to Marietta and Cincinnati Railroad \$650,000 00 Maysville and Big Sandy Railroad 100,000 00						
Ohio and Pennsylvania Railroad 150,000 00 Ohio and Indiana Railroad 300 000 00				į		
Springfield, Mount Vernon, &c 100 000 00	\$1,300,000 0	00		i		
Fransportation expenses, State toll, Harrisburg and Lancaster Rail-	42,000,000	,,,				
road toll, interest, expenses, &c \$2,466,209 50 Fo credit of cost of construction 302.560 22	2,768,769 7	72				
Cost of construction, balance on stockholders' in- terest list	26,763 5	51	740.000		70 400 40 th	
		6	5,748,209	60	18,429,407	3

[E. E.]

GEORGE V. BACON, Treasurer.

Philadelphia, January 1, 1854.

SEVENTH ANNUAL REPORT

OF

THE CHIEF ENGINEER.

Engineer Department, Penna. R. R. Co.

Philadelphia, January 25, 1854.

To J. EDGAR THOMSON, Esq.,

President Pennsylvania Railroad Company.

SIR:—On the 20th day of April last I entered upon the duties of Chief Engineer, with a conviction that the object of the most importance to the interests of the Company, and most urgently desired by the stockholders and the public, was the completion and opening of the Mountain Division at the earliest possible period.

My first care, after a reorganization of the Engineer Department, was to examine the condition of the work, and estimate the time at which a reasonable expectation of its completion could be entertained.

The contract with Messrs. Reeves, Abbott & Co., for the delivery of railroad iron, made October 20, 1852, required them to furnish 20,000 tons before the close of the year 1854, and at a uniform rate of 200 tons per week, which was more than the contract required, the iron for the Mountain Division alone, between Altoona and the Portage Viaduct, a distance of 31 miles, could not have been delivered in a shorter time than 34 weeks, or not until after the opening of navigation in the Spring of the present year.

In this estimate no allowance was made for sidings, many of which were necessary, or for portions of double track, upon which large

forces were at that time employed, both upon the Eastern and Western Divisions. As it was found impracticable at that time to make additional contracts for iron, and as it was essentially important that no delay should be experienced in the opening of the Mountain Division, orders were given to suspend operations on the double track, except upon high embankments, where it was important that the graduation should be completed as far in advance of the track laying as practicable, to allow time for settling.

By these means I expected to be able to secure sufficient iron to open the eastern slope of the Mountain Division upon a double track, but a serious break at the rolling mill suspended the delivery of rails for two months at one time, and with other causes so greatly reduced the supply that it became necessary to lay a track of light iron as a substitute for the heavy rail that had been ordered for the eastern slope.

The great demand for laborers on other roads, and the unusually high wages offered to secure them, increased to an extraordinary degree the difficulty of procuring and retaining a sufficient number for the prosecution of the work; but by adopting a liberal course in the payment of wages, by suspending all unnecessary work, and by keeping up a thorough police organization, strikes were prevented, and the more important sections were kept in full force.

From the treacherous character of the material in the Allegheny Mountain tunnel, frequent falls occurred before the roof could be supported, and from this cause the quantity of material that required removal was twice as great as would have been necessary had the rock been of a solid and permanent character. In the middle shaft from 120 to 175 gallons of water per minute were pumped and discharged at the top of the shaft, and as the small size of the shafts first constructed did not afford facilities for the removal of material as fast as it was excavated, a new shaft was sunk, and a large and powerful engine substituted for the small one at the west shaft. These, with the stimulus of a liberal reward to the workmen for completing the tunnel within a given time, were the only means in our power for accelerating its progress.

I reported at an early period of my connection with this work

that it could not by any possibility be finished before the first of January. It was accomplished January 21, and nothing but the increase in the quantity of material from the frequent falls of rock prevented its completion at the time first stated. Much credit is due to Thomas Seabrook, Esq., Principal Assistant Engineer, and Thomas Rutter, Contractor, for their exertions and success in overcoming difficulties perhaps greater than have attended the progres of any similar work in this country.

The principal dimensions of the tunnel are as follows: length 3612 feet, width 24 feet, height 22 feet above grade, or $21\frac{1}{4}$ feet above the rails; distance below the summit of the mountain $202\frac{7}{10}$ feet, depth of eastern shaft $149\frac{8}{10}$ feet, of middle shaft $195\frac{7}{10}$ feet, of western shaft $184\frac{4}{10}$ feet; sections of first shafts 6 by 10 feet; of new shaft 8 by 13 feet; depth of new shaft $194\frac{1}{10}$ feet.

It must be a source of much gratification to the stockholders that, notwithstanding the necessity of forcing the work at a period of unusually high prices, and by using night labor on some of the heaviest sections, the original estimate of the Chief Engineer very nearly covers the expenses; a fact which is very remarkable when the character of the work and difficulties of construction are considered. On the Eastern Division, the coincidence is unusual: the first estimate was \$4,095,000, and there have been expended \$4,050,000; but several small expenditures in graduation, charged to double track, will about consume the difference.

The first estimate, including only the Eastern and Western Divisions, was as follows:

Eastern Division,	from	Harr	isbu rg	to Alto	ona, in	cluding	the	
Hollidaysburg B	ranch	, and	exclusiv	e of in	terest,	•	-	\$4,095,882
Western Division,	includ	ling B	lairsvill	le Bran	ch,	-	-	2,942,805
Original estimate	eost,	-	•	-	-		-	\$7,038,687
Actual cost,	•	-	-	•	•	-	•	7,500,000

The present estimated cost of the whole Road, with a double track, is \$13,665,000, exclusive of outfit or portions of third track required for sidings. I have made no addition for interest, as it is certain that the interest account will be paid from the surplus receipts before the whole Road shall have been completed.

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Hollidaysburg Branc	h, and	exclusiv	e of int	erest,		-	\$4,095,882
Western Division, inclu	iding I	Blairsvil	le Branc	h,	•	•	2,942,805
Original estimate cost,	-				•	-	\$7,038,687
Actual cost, -	-	-	•	•	-	•	7,500,000

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In accordance with the custom of my predecessors, I have included an estimate of \$2,990,000 for outfit required at this time, including that already furnished. The whole amount of outfit is so entirely dependent upon the prospective business, that there may be a difference of several millions in the limits between which it may vary; my views on this subject are given more particularly in another section.

BRIDGES.

The bridges on the Mountain Division have been constructed of iron, upon plans which are perfectly reliable. With a proper distribution of material, the cost of an iron bridge does not greatly exceed that of a wooden structure, and if properly proportioned, is more safe and preferable in every respect. The failures that have occurred upon other roads, were the result of defective proportions and of weakness that a calculation should have exposed. Iron, where properly used, is more safe than timber, and I am decidedly of the opinion that none of the bridges on the Pennsylvania Railroad should be rebuilt with wood—iron should be substituted in every case when renewals are required.

DOUBLE TRACK.

The graduation for double track is nearly completed throughout the whole line. Forces have been kept upon the heaviest points, and the iron can be laid as fast as delivered.

Before the Summer of next year, the double track could, if the iron can be obtained, be finished upon the whole road; and previous to this time, a line of telegraph for the use of the Company will be in operation.

BRANCHES.

The Indiana Branch is an extension of the road previously constructed to Blairsville. The whole distance from Blairsville to Indiana is $16\frac{2}{10}$ miles, and the proportion of straight line to curves is nearly 2 to 1. The maximum gradient is $84\frac{1}{2}$ feet per mile.

Cost of graduation at co	ntrac	t prices,	-	-	-	-	\$ 75,100
Superstructure-ballast	\$13,7	80, bridg	es \$5,0	00, road	upersi	ructure	
\$95,000,	•	•	•	•	•	•	113,780
Water stations, engine l	ouses	, and ot	her bui	ildings,	-	-	10,000
Total cost.	_	_	_	_		_	198,880
•	•	•	-	-	•	•	•
Amount of work done,	•	•	-	•	•	•	11,070
Work to be done,	-	•	-	-	-	-	\$ 187,810

. The whole road is now under contract, but the scarcity of laborers has prevented it from being prosecuted with great rapidity. This impediment is now removed by the completion of the Mountain Division, and the work will hereafter proceed as fast as it is desirable.

UNIONTOWN BRANCH.

Previous to May 1st, 1853, a number of lines had been surveyed between Greensburg and Uniontown, and a location made upon a route passing through Connellsville, which was found to be the most favorable, but the result, however, was not satisfactory, the cost being much larger than was anticipated. It was found that a road with a single track, constructed after the model of the Western Division of the Pennsylvania Railroad, with the same minimum radius of curvature, the same maximum gradients, and the same weight of rail, could not be built for less than \$800,000, which was \$200,000 more than the estimated cost based upon the representations of the parties interested in its construction. As it was desirable to locate the road so as to admit of extension, if at any future time it should be considered expedient to continue it to the Ohio River, further surveys were ordered, and after a careful examination of the whole country, a second location was made on a route farther west, passing along the Sewickly Creek and Barren Run, crossing the Youghiogheny River near Perryopolis, and following the Redstone to Uniontown. This route was found about 23 miles longer than the first location, but not more expensive, and it offered the additional advantages of a more direct line to the Southwest, a connection with the Monongahela navigation, the accommodation of Greene as well as Fayette County, and the prospect of securing the local business from a greater extent of country, without losing that which would be secured by the first location. My present opinion is, that the construction of the road upon the second location, will be more to the advantage of the Company, and will accommodate the largest extent of territory—but an exploration of the whole country between Uniontown and the Ohio River would be desirable before the final decision of the question. Improvements upon either line could be made by an additional expenditure beyond \$800,000, but for this sum a good road with grades not exceeding $52\frac{8}{10}$ feet, can be obtained. In this estimate is included only the cost of the road; buildings and outfit would be extra, and would involve an additional expenditure of \$100,000. Plans, profiles, and detailed estimates will be presented in a short time.

EQUIPMENT.

The duty of providing the equipment has, since the commencement of business upon the road, devolved upon the Superintendent, but as the estimates of the Engineer Department have included equipment as part of the expenditure of capital, it is proper to submit a few remarks upon this subject.

The number of cars and engines required to operate a railroad will depend upon the number of passengers and tons of freight moved, and the distance carried. Previous estimates were intended to include only a sufficient number to accommodate the limited business of a single track.

If we look at the present business of New York, and its prospective increase upon the completion of the Eric Canal enlargement, and suppose that Philadelphia upon the completion of her improvements shall be able to secure even a small portion of the trade which New York anticipates, the results are so startling that their realization would seem to be impossible. I feel a confident assurance, however, that with just legislation to permit the Pennsylvania Railroad to compete with its rivals, with no other impediment to success than nature has presented, the full fruition of the most sanguine expectations of the friends and founders of this improvement may be more than realized.

The Reading Railroad accommodates nearly two millions of tons annually, but a double track railroad during a heavy passenger business would have great difficulty in passing one million of tons of promiscuous freight. The Erie Canal now passes three millions of eastward freight, and when enlarged, its capacity will be seven millions. With the two railroads in addition, New York will have the means of transporting nine millions of tons per annum. The capacity of an ordinary canal is rated at 20,000 lockages per annum, and with boats carrying the average loading of the canal transportation lines, the Pennsylvania Canal could accommodate a business of 700,000 tons—but its actual through business is but little more than 100,000 tons.

If the Pennsylvania Railroad be supposed capable of carrying one million of tons, the whole means of transportation which Philadelphia will possess will be less than two millions or very considerably less than the present eastward trade to New York. see nothing unreasonable, therefore, in the supposition that the demands of trade upon the Pennsylvania Railroad may reach one million of tons-the single item of bituminous coal, transported at about one and a quarter cents per ton per mile, could afford half a million of tons per annum, and allow a profit on the increased busi-This trade, uniformly distributed over 300 days, and carried in trains averaging 100 tons, with engines running 100 miles per day, would require 150 trains to be in motion daily between Philadelphia and Pittsburgh; but as trade cannot be uniform, and as an average of 3,330 tons per day would require a maximum of at least 5,000 tons, the number of engines to supply the daily demand on 350 miles of road would be 175, which, with the usual allowance for extras and shop engines, would increase the number for freight purposes to 260—but even this allowance would be too small, for it supposes an equal distribution of the trade in each direction whereas, the tonnage to New York is four times as heavy as the tonnage westward; should a similar proportion exist in Philadelphia trade, the accommodation of a million of tons would require at least 300 freight engines costing two and a half millions of dollars.

I have extended this calculation to cars, engine houses, depots, conductors, engineers, brakemen, shipping and receiving clerks, &c.,

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&c., and computed the numerical strength of the army of warehouse, road, and train laborers, that will be required in the operation of such a machine; but it is not necessary at present to enter further into details.

It is sufficient to state that the whole original estimate for the cost of the road for single track might be swallowed up in the equipment for a double track, with a business of a million of tons per annum. But it should be observed that the profits will increase with the business, and the gradual increase of equipment may be furnished in part from the surplus of the net receipts, without requiring large additional subscriptions or adding greatly to the capital, and without affecting the ordinary dividends to Stockholders.

I have already stated that I believe it possible to increase the business of the Pennsylvania Railroad to this extent, and make it an instrument of incalculable good to the citizens of the State; but to attain these results, the repeal of the tonnage tax is indispensable; and LOW RATES, with MODERATE DIVIDENDS, must indicate the settled policy upon which the operations of the road are to be conducted. Increase of trade, activity of business, and the extension of our great cities, constitute objects of greater importance than large profits upon transportation. It is immeasurably better for the interests of every portion of the State, that the road should do a large business. even with small profits, rather than realize the same profits from a smaller tonnage. Whatever legislative restrictions may be imposed or continued upon the tonnage of the road, the natural advantages of the route will enable the Board of Directors to earn for the Stockholders as large dividends as upon any railroad in America, if this should be desirable. A passenger business equal to that which is now passed over each mile of the Utica and Syracuse Railroad would, at two cents per mile, yield a revenue of more than \$2,500,000. A single train of express freight, with the ordinary compensation for mails, would increase the gross revenue to nearly four millions of dollars per annum, without carrying a pound of ordinary freight; a revenue sufficient to pay a larger dividend than has ever been expected by the most exacting, and earned on a business which a single track could accommodate. Should such a policy be adopted, the expectation of revenue from taxing the freight business of the Company would be disappointed. The State would receive almost nothing, and the community in general, not the Company, would be the sufferers. The trade, not only of the Western States, but of Western Pennsylvania, would be monopolized by New York. The Pennsylvania Canal, even without transhipment and without toll, could not afford transportation at less than one cent per ton per mile. The Erie Canal, when enlarged, will be able to carry, tolls included, at seven mills per ton per mile, and pay ten per cent. to the State on its whole cost.

The Pennsylvania Railroad is the only improvement in the State that would be capable of competition with New York, and the large and profitable passenger business which it will be able to command. would, if the taxes were removed, enable the Company to carry heavy freight at less than cost, and still realize a large return upon the aggregate business—but a tax which amounts to one dollar per ton between Pittsburgh and Lancaster is unreasonable and prohibitory. Under its withering influence trade must decline, and the natural resources of our great State, which low rates of transportation would develop, the treasures of the mines and forests which would enrich our citizens and relieve our debt-must remain sealed and inaccessible, until relieved by enlightened legislation, and permitted to go forth on their beneficent mission to give employment to thousands of our citizens, disseminate wealth with its attendant benefits, and entitle the Keystone State to the prominent position which she claims in the Federal Arch.

An estimate of the expenditure required for the equipment of the Pennsylvania Railroad, requires a knowledge of the future policy of the Legislature in reference to taxation, and any conclusions at this time would be purely conjectural—but if the present restrictions should be removed, it would seem essential to the interests of the Company and of the City of Philadelphia, that a railway communication with the Delaware front should be secured. Nearly the whole of the cereal products of the West which are transported on the Lakes, amounting to twenty-seven millions of bushels annually, find their way to New York and Boston, and two-thirds of the exports of these articles from the United States are from New York alone.

This trade cannot be drawn to Philadelphia by building more railroads to the Lakes; a greatly increased distance and higher freights will not keep it from reaching the New York market; and to secure it we must offer the inducements of superior shipping facilities—we must compensate by a large increase of our steam marine for the superior maritime position of New York.

Philadelphia can build steam engines to compete with any in the world; her mechanics are without superiors; she can furnish coal and all the materials for construction more cheaply than any other city, and to these advantages she must look for the elements of her future greatness.

By a proper use of these she can allure the trade of the West, the destination of which is influenced far more by the character of the market than by facilities for transportation. New York has now the advantage of cheaper transportation and a better market; but Philadelphia may become her equal, and afford facilities for loading vessels and discharging cargoes, that will save time and expense, and render her port attractive.

A railroad terminus on the Delaware, either north or south of the city, with the privilege of using locomotives, steam communication with all the principal ports of the world, cheap fuel, direct importations, and ample room for storage, will effect a revolution in the trade, and give the greatest possible impetus to the prosperity of Philadelphia.

NEW FREIGHT ROAD.

In your Fourth Annual Report as Chief Engineer, it is stated that "by continuing the maximum gradient of the Western Division through the tunnel, we obtain the incidental advantage, if it should ever become desirable at a future period to avail ourselves of it, of overcoming the mountain by a single inclined plane, worked by stationary power, to be used by the ascending freight trains only, instead of assistant locomotives on the steep gradients."

This paragraph has been the subject of so much comment, and there has been so much difference of opinion upon the subject of the relative economy of inclined planes and steep gradients in the practical operation of railroads, that I have endeavored to satisfy myself and others by a calculation based upon data that will exhibit as nearly as possible the proper practical condition of the problem. It is necessary to observe that the motive power expenses of transporting freight between two given points will depend upon the arrangement of the gradients and plan of operation, as well as upon the kind of power and its mode of application. Results of a general character cannot be elicited from the consideration of a particular case; but enough can be ascertained to prove very satisfactorily that the suggestion referred to is based upon sound principles, and that when the business of the Pennsylvania Railroad requires increased accommodations beyond a double track on the eastern slope of the Allegheny Mountain, it will be much better to construct a new road with inclined planes to be used for the ascending tonnage, than to widen the present road bed for a third track.

In fact, I am satisfied that as a general rule transportation can be conducted more cheaply over a road overcoming great elevations with inclined planes worked by stationary steam power, than over a road of equal length on which the same elevation is overcome by steep gradients worked by locomotives.

Having written to the Superintendent of the Portage Railroad for information in reference to the cost of working the planes upon that road, I was promptly furnished by him with the following statement of the expenses of Plane No. 8, the longest and most costly on the road.

Force—One engineer, at \$2 per day, -	-	-	-	-	\$2 00
One assistant engineer, at \$1.25 per da	ıy,	-	-		1 25
Two firemen, at \$1.12½ per day,	• .	-	-	•	2 25
Two hitchers, at \$1.12½ per day,	-	-	-	-	2 25
Two hitchers, at \$1 per day, -	-	-	-	-	2 00
Nine horses, at 70 cents per day,	-	-	-	-	6 30
Two drivers, at 70 cents per day,	•	-	-	-	1 40
Oil and tallow, at \$3 per day, -	-,	-	-	-	3 00
One hundred bushels coal, at 3 cents,	-	-	-	-	3 00
Wear of rollers,	-	•	-	-	2 00
				7	20- 45
				¥ =	25 45

Wire rope costs 56 cents per foot. Plane No. 8 is 3,117 feet long—whole cost of rope 3,500 dollars. The average durability of the rope is one year. If the old rope be supposed to be worth nothing, the cost per day will be \$11.66. By other officers of the road I have been informed that the machinery of one of the planes, exclusive of rope and rollers, costs \$7,500, the interest and repairs of which per day would be \$3. The total cost of the plane per day would, therefore, be \$40.11.

This plane rises 307 feet in 3,117 feet, and to attain an equal elevation by means of stationery or locomotive power, we will assume that the roads in the two cases shall be of equal length, and that a level of four miles connects with a plane of 307 feet elevation.

The gross load of an engine, having the adhesion of 20 tons upon the drivers, is 650 tons upon a level, and 105 tons upon a grade of eighty feet to the mile. The cost of such an engine per day may be estimated as follows:

\$8,50	0 —inter	est p	er day,	-	-	•	-	\$ 1	70
				port o	f the Re	ading I	Rail-		
_				_					
	-	-			-	•	-	3	00
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	50
	-	-	•	-	•	-	-	18	58
	-	•	•	-	-	-	•	1	16
and	tender,	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	89
								\$ 30	8 3
	s per —	s per da y, a s p 	s per da y, a s per d — 		s per da y, a s per detailed report o 	s per day, as per detailed report of the Re	s per day, as per detailed report of the Reading I	s per day, as per detailed report of the Reading Rail-	s per day, as per detailed report of the Reading Rail- 3 1 18 1

I have taken the expenses on the Reading Railroad as furnishing a fairer average than the Pennsylvania Railroad, the machinery having been longer in use, and the engines carrying full loads; but the expenses for repairs on the Pennsylvania Road are nearly the same, being \$4.92 per 100 miles. On the Pennsylvania Railroad, as per report of last year, the Westmoreland, of 25 tons, cost \$20.51 per 100 miles for fuel; this engine usually carried full trains. I think, however, that it would be proper to calculate upon a greater economy in fuel, and will deduct \$5 per day from this item, and also 85 cents from the wages of the engineer and fireman, which will reduce the daily cost of a first-class locomotive with full loads to \$25.

Eight hundred cars have been passed at one plane in five hours, but fifteen hundred cars, or seven hundred and fifty each way, is rated as a full day business for twelve hours. The gross weight of a car and loading is $7\frac{1}{2}$ tons, which would give as the capacity of the plane 5,620 tons each way in twelve hours. An engine travelling over a distance of four miles, could not accomplish more than ten round trips, or eighty miles daily, which is equal to the daily service on the Columbia Railroad, it could transport on a grade of 80 feet 1,050 tons per day; and $5\frac{1}{10}$ engines would be required to carry the amount of freight that could be passed by the plane. With the plane would be a level of about $3\frac{1}{3}$ miles, over which one engine would haul in two trips 6,500 tons, which is 880 tons more than the capacity of the plane.

The data that have been given, and which are believed to present a fair statement of the question, give the following comparative results as the expense of motive power in overcoming an elevation of 300 feet in four miles by an inclined plane or a line of uniform ascent:

For inclined plane—Expense of plane per day,	-	-	-	\$40 15
Expense of engine on the level,	-	-	-	25 00
Total,	-	-		\$65 15
For steep gradient—5 ₁₀ engines, at \$25 each,	-	•	-	135 00
Difference in favor of plane, -		-	-	\$ 69 85

In other words, the expense of motive power in overcoming the elevation by means of the plane would be less than half as great as when locomotive power is employed. It is necessary to observe, that in estimating the expenses of the inclined plane, the data have been furnished by the Portage Railroad, but with planes of modern construction, such as have more recently been brought into use, the expense of horse power and hitchers would be avoided, and only half the length of rope required; this would save on these items \$17.78. The other items remaining the same, would reduce the cost of operating the road with the plane to \$47.37, or very little more than one-third of that required by locomotive power.

If it should be proved practicable to reduce the cost of fuel in

locomotives as much as ten dollars below the estimate first given, by the substitution of coal for wood, even then the stationery power on the plane would cost less than one-half as much as the locomotives.

Although the question of the relative economy of stationery and locomotive power has not been solved in a general manner by the example that has been considered, I believe that the results will apply to the question of the substitution of a road with inclined planes upon the eastern slope of the mountain, when the present road will become insufficient to accommodate the business—a period which will not be distant if the present legislative restrictions upon the business of the road shall be removed, and if the principle of the largest possible business and the lowest rates that will yield a remunerative return to its stockholders, shall be adopted as the fixed and permanent policy of the Company

The present location upon the eastern slope, notwithstanding the superior economy of stationary power, is so completely in conformity with the principles which governed it, and the objects to be attained, that it would be difficult to suggest an improvement.

The Pennsylvania Railroad is destined to become the great avenue for passenger travel, the shortest and best route between the Atlantic Cities and the Great West; on such a road, inclined planes were, with the popular prejudices against them, inadmissible, and a steep gradient, on a short line descending in favor of the heaviest tonnage, was less objectionable than increased distance. The principles which should govern in the location of a road exclusively for freight, are entirely different, and in this case I would not hesitate to recommend inclined planes as in every respect the cheapest and the best, whenever the increase of business shall be sufficient to require them.

MISCELLANEOUS INFORMATION.

The improvements at the Freight Station at Thirteenth and Market Streets, in Philadelphia, were so far completed on the 1st day of April, 1853, that a portion of the building was occupied at that time by the Transportation Department; additions and exten-

sions have been made, subsequently, as fast as the possession of the ground could be obtained, and the requirements of business rendered necessary. It is hoped the further prosecution of the work will keep pace with the demands of transportation. Eighty-three hundred feet of sidings have been constructed by the Company at West Philadelphia, which will hereafter afford facilities for arranging the trains of the Pennsylvania Railroad cars without interference with other parties, which will save much inconvenience and delay. The improvements at West Philadelphia will require extension as the business increases. Until permanent arrangements can be made for a Passenger Depot, the building owned by the Philadelphia, Wilmington, and Baltimore Railroad Company, at the south-east corner of Eleventh and Market streets, will be used for that purpose. Alterations are now being made to render it more convenient, and the present depot of Messrs. Bingham and Dock will probably be used for the way business.

The railroad iron now contracted for will be delivered by the close of the present year, and about 5,000 tons more will be required for the main line and sidings, and 1,250 tons for the Indiana Branch. The length of the double track now laid and in use is about 37 miles.

The buildings at Altoona have been progressing rapidly, and since the plan of the station house was decided upon by the Board, every possible exertion has been made to get it at least so far finished, by the time of opening the Mountain Division, that passengers of the express train could procure a meal. The most inclement weather this Winter did not suspend operations, and much credit is due to the workmen who labored in the most exposed situations, upon the roof and on scaffolds and timbers covered with ice, with a determination that the building should be finished.

Much of the track on the mountain was laid after snow had fallen to a considerable depth, and parties of men were employed to shovel the snow from the road bed and prepare it for the tracklayers. Temporary buildings have been erected on the Mountain Division for water stations, and the shanties left by contractors will be used for houses for road hands, until better buildings can be erected.

The whole cost of the tunnel will be about \$450,000, or \$125 per lineal foot. It has been a very expensive work, owing to the character of the material; the fire clay, of which much of it consists, when exposed to the air and moisture, swells, cracks, and falls in large masses. Nearly the whole of the tunnel will require arching. The work has been ably managed by the Assistant Engineer and the contractor. During the year ending March, 1853, the average quantity of material removed from the tunnel was 2768 cubic yards per month, and since that time, notwithstanding the fact that the completion of a portion of the work required the forces to be concentrated upon fewer points, the quantity removed per month has been 4555 cubic yards, an increase of 60 per cent.

At the former rate of progress, the tunnel excavation could not have been completed before August, 1854. The increase was due chiefly to the energy with which the contractor pushed the work, and the increased facility afforded him by substituting a more powerful engine at the west shaft.

The work on the Western Division, with the buildings and other improvements at Pittsburgh, and the Indiana Branch, have been under the charge of George W. Leuffer, Esq.

Thomas Seabrook has superintended the work on the Mountain Division and at Altoona.

Edmund Smith has had charge of the accounts of the Engineer Department, and the supervision of depots and other improvements at Philadelphia.

William W. Wright has conducted the surveys and location of the Uniontown Branch.

These gentlemen, as Principal Assistants, have rendered the Company efficient service, and their operations have been characterized by great fidelity, attention, energy, and economy; the re-organization of their several corps having saved in the aggregate \$7620 per annum, in the item of salaries, with an efficient administration of the business of the department.

The Superintendent of the Portage Railroad and his assistants have afforded us facilities that have greatly aided in the rapid prosecution of the work; and acknowledgments are due to Messrs. Ross, Phelps, and Crawford for the assistance furnished.

Respectfully submitted,

H. HAUPT,

Chief Engineer.

ESTIMATED COST OF WHOLE ROAD, INCLUDING DOUBLE TRACK.

Divisions.	Name of account.	Last estimato.	Present estimate.	Amount paid.	Total estimated cost.
Eastern Division, including Hollidays-	Graduation and superstructure	\$3,660,000 00 145,000 00 245,000 00	\$3,680,000 00 145,000 00 245,000 00	\$3,660,000 00 145,000 00 245,000 00	
	Totals	\$4,050,000 00	\$4,050,000 00	\$4,050,000 00	\$4,050,000 00
Mountain Division, Altoona to Stone	Graduation and superstructure	\$2,300,000 00 45,000 00 35,000 00	\$2,615,000 00 50,000 00 35,000 00	\$2,214,531 83 43,000 00 12,300 69	
	Totals	\$2,380,000 00	\$2,700,000 00	\$2,269,832 52	2,700,000 00
Western Division, including Blairsville	Graduation and superstructure	\$3,225,000 00 115,000 00 110,000 00	\$3,225,000 00 115,000 00 110,000 00	\$3,2.25,000 00 115,000 00 110,000 00	
	Totals	\$3,450,000 00	\$3.450,000 00	\$3,450,000 00	3,450,000 00
	Total cost of road				\$10,200,000 00
	Workmen's houses	\$10,000 00 200,000 00 250,000 00	\$100,000 00 350,000 00 475,000 00	\$62,720 91 316,771 16 425,425 16	•
Outfit	Pussenger curs Freight cars	200,000 200,000 725,000 00	225,000 00 800,000 00	163,643 26 745,401 81	
	Location ves. Shop machinety. West Philadelphia shops and sldings. Shops, sheds, &c , on Harrisburg and Lancaster Railroad.	35,000 00 10,000 00	150,000 00 50,000 00 10,000 00	43,438 11 43,438 11 6,203 85	
•	Totals	\$2,145,000 00	\$2,990,000 00	\$2,583,336 69	\$2,990,000 00
	Total cost of whole road and outfit, single track				\$13,190,000 00
	DOUBLE TRACK.				
Harriaburg to Pittsburgh	Harribdug to Pittsburgh	\$3,125,000 00	\$3,465,000 00	\$1,314,794 86	3,465,000 00
Total cost of whole read, including	Total cost of whole read, including outfit				\$16,655,000 00

REPORT

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THE SUPERINTENDENT OF TRANSPORTATION.

Transportation Department, Pennsylvania Railroad,

Altoona, January 1, 1854.

To the President and Directors of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company.

Gentlemen:—The Annual Report of the Transportation Department for the year ending December 31, 1853, is herewith respectfully submitted.

The total receipts from all sources are as follows, viz.:

From transportation of	freight,	motiv	e power	tolls,	and tolls	on		
individual cars,	-	•	-	-	-	-	\$1,507,520	50
From passengers on P	ennsylv	ania.	Railroa	d an	d connect	ting	3	
lines,	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,037,671	77
From emigrants, -	•	-		-	-	-	97,236	96
From Adams & Co.'s Ex	press,	-	-	-	•	-	38,124	65
From United States mai	ls,	-	-	-	-		72,765	04
From rents "foremen ar	nd work	men's	houses,	&c.,"	-	-	8,008	14
From individuals and co	orporati	ons,	•	•	-	-	12,419	77
From sundries, -	•	-	•	•	-	-	1,142	54
Amount to		•	-	-	-		\$2,774,889	37
The total expenses	are as	follo	ows, viz	s. :				
Motive power, -		_		-	\$299,635	44		
Conducting transportat	ion, inc	luding	tolls p	aid				
to Columbia, Portag	e, and	Harr	isburg	and				
Lancaster Railroads,		-	-	-	1,161,607	15		
Maintenance of way,	-	-	-	-	86,972	36		
Maintenance of cars,	-	-	-	-	125,466	34		
•				-		—	1,673,681	29
Leaving of net receipts,	-	-	-	-			\$1,101,208	08

Cost of the whole average length of road in use for 1853 with equipment will not exceed \$11,500,000—making net profits nearly equal to 10 per cent. on this cost.

The balance sheet of the whole transactions during the year is as follows, viz.:

TRANSPORTATION DEPARTMENT, DR.

To amount of stock on hand Jar	uary	1, 1853,	-	\$81,690	62
To amount of bills during 1853,	-	-	•	2,107,025	18
To amount of pay rolls, 1853,	-	-	-	694,472	09
To amount of receipts, 1853,	-	•		2,774,889	
<u>-</u>					\$5,658,077 26

TRANSPORTATION DEPARTMENT, CR.

					•			
By amount of—								
Motive power expenses for	r 1853,	-	•	-	\$299,635	44	•	
Conducting transportation	١,	-	- .	-	1,161,607	15		
Maintenance of way, -		-	-	-	86,972	36		
Maintenance of cars, -		•		-	125,466	34		
Charged to construction as	nd equ	ipment	,	-	1,064,694	29		
Receipts for 1853, -		-	•	-	2,774,889	37		
Road and shop stock on h	and Ja	nuary	1, 1854,	-	144,812	31		
				-			5,658,077	26

Detailed statements, exhibiting each item of expense, will be found in accompanying documents, marked as follows, viz.:

Conducting Transportation, Passenger Department, Eastern and Western Division.

Conducting Transportation, Freight Department, Eastern and Western Division.

Motive Power, Eastern and Western Division.

Maintenance of Cars, Eastern and Western Division.

Maintenance of Way, Eastern and Western Division.

Construction and Equipment (in connection with Transportation Department), Eastern and Western Division. A detailed statement, exhibiting each item of receipts, will also be found accompanying, and headed "General Statement," "Freight and Passenger Receipts," &c. The Reports made by the Assistant Superin-

tendents to the Superintendent are all of a highly satisfactory character. The Reports of the First and Second Assistants are submitted in full, as they embrace the details of the Road and Motive Power Departments, which are under their immediate charge, and these, together with tabular statements furnished by the General Ticket Agent, and the Chief Clerk of the Freight Department, I think, will be found sufficiently explicit to afford all the information necessary to render the general statements satisfactory and intelligible. These Statements will be found under the following heads, viz.:

- "Mileage and Expenses of Engines."
- "Passengers carried to and from each Station on Pennsylvania Railroad, Harrisburg and Lancaster Railroad, and Columbia Branch Railroad."
- "Passengers carried over Pennsylvania Railroad, from and to Foreign Stations."
 - "Passenger Mileage."
- "Statement of Tonnage from and received at each Station, for the year; and a Statement containing General Information from Books of Freight Department, of Tonnage, Mileage, State Tax, Receipts for Freight, &c., &c."

The completion of the Mountain Division of the Road early in February next, is now confidently anticipated, when the entire line of the Pennsylvania Railroad between Harrisburg and Pittsburgh will be brought into use by this Department.

The results of the past have been sufficient to warrant the belief that the business of the Road will fully meet the expectation of its friends, and it only needs that exemption from Legislative restrictions which will place it on an equality with its rivals, to enable you to offer the most favorable terms for the trade and travel from abroad, and which would at the same time be conducive in an increased degree in the development of the resources and promotion of the general prosperity of that section of the State through which it passes.

In conclusion, I beg leave to acknowledge the able manner in which I have been seconded by the Assistant Superintendents in their respective departments, and also the general willingness of all in authority to render their services satisfactory to their employers, and to

Your obedient servant,

HERMAN J. LOMBAERT,

Superintendent.

REPORT

OF

The First Assistant Superintendent.

Altoona, December 31, 1853.

H. J. LOMBAERT, Esc.,
Superintendent Pennsylvania Railroad.

SIR:—The following is a brief history of the operations of the Maintenance of Way Department during the year 1853, with a statement of the present situation of the road bed, tracks, bridges, buildings, &c.

The graduation and superstructure for the double track between Harrisburg and Huntingdon being placed in the hands of the Superintendent, that part from Mifflin to Lewistown was commenced immediately after the first January. The grading and ballasting was in readiness for the superstructure (except around the Bluff below Lewistown) by the 1st of June; the part from Harrisburg to the Susquehanna Bridge was graded, ballasted, and the track laid, ready for use, early in the Fall; and the portion between the Susquehanna Bridge and Mifflin has been graded at all the heavy points, except at the notch below Duncannon; the balance of the grading and ballasting to complete the road from Harrisburg to Lewistown can be finished within three months, if found necessary. No grading or ballasting has been done between Lewistown and Huntingdon, except at stations where the second track has been graded and ballasted one mile in length for siding room. mate of the cost of work yet to be done between Harrisburg and Huntingdon has been furnished to the President, Mr. Thomson.

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The work done to the second track above Huntingdon has been in charge of H. Haupt, Esq., Chief Engineer. His Report will show the progress of that part of the line.

The road bed has become quite solid, very little expense being required to keep up the embankments to their proper level.

The expense of ditching has been much less than that of last year, and by the time the double track is completed will be but a small item in the yearly expenditures.

The interruptions to trains from slides during the year have been few, the most important one taking place at the slip rock, above Mexico. The track at this point has been temporarily altered to go around, and far enough off from the hills, so that should another slide take place, the track will be out of reach of the material which will fall. The deep cut above Newton Hamilton has been thoroughly cleaned out, and the earth stripped from the rock on each side of the cut five feet from the edges, and ditches dug back of the slope, to carry off the wash from the hill sides; other points along the road have been improved, and all those that were considered dangerous.

The road is generally well ballasted, some ballast being required to raise the ties and rail to their proper level; this expense in the course of another season will be small.

About 10,000 cross-ties have been used during the year; a majority of the ties laid in gravel ballast, between Harrisburg and Susquehanna Bridge, have been renewed; those in stone ballast appear to be but little affected.

The rail is in good order, few portions having been removed, except those broken by stones falling on them from side cuts, or having been broken by engines getting off the track. The chairs generally are perfect.

On account of heavy freight engines, we have been compelled to use a large number of spikes on the curves, and where hard curves occur, a half chair has been placed at the middle of the outside rail, to prevent the engines from shoving the rail out of place. During the year, new sidings have been put in at the following places: Mifflin, Mount Union, Krotzers, Tipton, and at the brick yard above Bell's Mills. They are all parts of the second track, except the one at Tipton, which is a siding proper. The sidings at Baileys, Mifflin, McVeytown, Mill Creek, and Fostoria have been lengthened to one mile, and at most of the other stations, the grading and ballasting have been prepared for the purpose of lengthening them all to a mile in length.

The Warehouse at Newton Hamilton, and warehouse and passenger station at Tyrone City, in progress at the last report, have been completed. An addition to the passenger station at Millerstown has been made for a residence of the agent. Seven Foremen's houses have been finished during the year, leaving four yet to be erected to stock the road completely for single track.

The tubs at most of the water stations have proved to be too small; additions have been made to several; a reservoir has been built at Warrior Ridge, holding 22,000 gallons; one is building at Mifflin, which will contain 120,000 gallons; the stream at this place cannot furnish water sufficient for the business at that point; arrangements have been made to pump the water from the river with the stationary engine at that place. A new water station has been nearly completed at the foot of Lewistown Narrows. A water station will be required four and a-half miles above Harrisburg, one at Newport, one at Tuscarora; at these points, the ground and water rights have been secured. Stations will be required at Juniata Bridge, one near Mill Creek, one at Tipton, and one at Bell's Mills; plans and estimates of these buildings will be made out and submitted to you for your approbation.

The stock of wood on hand is larger than on the first of January; contracts with reliable men have been made at different points on the road, which will ensure a full supply during the season.

The employés in this Department have, with very few exceptions, attended to their duties faithfully; during the year, but one accident happened to the trains, chargeable to neglect of duty; none

are retained but those that are sober, industrious, and attentive to their duties.

I cannot close without recommending an increase of pay to the Supervisors. Their present compensation, I believe, is less than on other roads. They are good men; their duties are hard, and I think worth a better reward than they are now receiving.

Respectfully,

GEO. R. MOWRY,

First Assistant Sup't.

REPORT

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The Second Assistant Superintendent.

Altoona, December 31, 1853.

H. J. LOMBAERT, Esq.,

Superintendent Pennsylvania Railroad.

Herewith is transmitted the Report of the Chief Clerk of the Motive Power Department, showing the number of engines on the road, their mileage and expenses during the past year.

Also, the Report of the Car Inspector, showing the number of cars of all kinds on the road at this date.

Since last report, 35 new engines have been placed upon the road, viz.:

- 4 Heavy Winans' coal burners.
- 10 Twenty-five ton coal burners.
 - 7 Twenty-four ton coal burners.
- 14 First-class passenger engines.

Our machine shops at Altoona have been brought into operation during the season, and have assisted materially in keeping up the machinery which the increased business of the road demanded.

There have also been built there during the Summer and Autumn six spans of double track wrought and cast iron truss bridges for the Mountain Division, and a three span boiler plate bridge for the same division is rapidly approaching completion and erection.

The shop at Pittsburgh has also been brought into operation, and all the necessary repairs to 32 engines are done at that point and at Conemaugh.

Such repairs as are needed by passenger and freight cars on the Western Division, are also done there.

At Mifflin shop, engines running with freight between Mifflin and Harrisburg and Columbia, and part of the engines running westward from Mifflin, are kept in repair.

At Harrisburg, additional shelter for locomotives being needed, a temporary building large enough to accommodate six engines has been erected.

Engines running between Harrisburg and Columbia and Dillerville, and passenger engines east and west from Harrisburg, are repaired there. Also, necessary repairs to passenger cars running between Harrisburg and Philadelphia.

New tools have been added, and our facilities for doing repairs to engines and cars have been much increased at all our shops during the past year.

PASSENGER CARS.

The Report of the Car Inspector shows that we have now on the road—

31 wide cars, adapted to the Pennsylvania, and Harrisburg and Lancaster Railroads.

Of the above, one car is now in Altoona shop undergoing repairs; the remaining 30 are all in good running order.

Since December 31, 1852, four new cars have been put on the road by Kimball & Gorton, and four by Fales & Gray.

Eleven of the old cars have been rebuilt at the Altoona shops during the past year (1853).

Thirty-eight narrow passenger cars, adapted to the State roads.

Since last Annual Report, three narrow passenger cars (old cars bought from the lines) have been converted into emigrant cars. Two

new have been added to the stock, which reduces the whole number one car.

All of the above cars are in good condition.

EMIGRANT CARS.

Twenty-eight eight-wheeled cars, adapted to the whole road from Philadelphia to Pittsburgh.

Since last report, seven of the old line emigrant cars have been destroyed, being unfit for service, and six new cars have been built at the West Philadelphia shop.

Three old passenger cars have been converted into emigrant cars, increasing the whole number two cars.

All the above cars are in good running order, except three, which are old line cars.

BAGGAGE CARS.

Twenty-four eight-wheeled baggage cars, adapted to the whole 'line of the road.

All of the above cars are in good running order. Since last report, one of the old cars bought of the Eagle line has been destroyed, being unfit for service, and one new baggage car has been built at the Altoona shop.

FREIGHT CARS.

1012 eight-wheeled box cars.

109 four-wheeled box cars.

119 eight-wheeled stock cars.

100 eight-wheeled iron trucks.

43 eight-wheeled wood trucks.

28 four-wheeled coal cars.

Making in all 2,685 four-wheeled cars.

Of the above number, but three are out of service; they were broken on the morning of December 30, 1853.

During the year 1853, new cars, as follows, were built at Altoona shop, viz.:

1 four-wheeled box car.

45 eight-wheeled do

2 do iron trucks.

10 four-wheeled coal cars. Total four-wheeled cars, 105.

During the same period, cars were rebuilt, as follows, at Altoona shop:

5 four-wheeled box cars.

25 eight-wheeled do

2 do stock cars.

9 do wood trucks.

9 do iron trucks. Total four-wheeled cars, 95.

At West Philadelphia shop, new cars built during 1853:

1 four-wheeled box car.

37 eight-wheeled do

12 do iron trucks. Total four-wheeled cars, 99.

At Harrisburg shop, new cars built during 1853:

1 four-wheeled box car.

1 eight-wheeled wood truck. Total four-wheeled cars, 3.

At Mifflin shop:

4 new eight-wheeled wood trucks. Total four-wheeled cars, 8.

Making a total of 310 four-wheeled cars, new and rebuilt at the shops of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company during the year 1853.

Since last Report, new cars as follows have been built by contract, and placed upon the road, viz.:

342 eight-wheeled box cars.

do stock cars.

18 four-wheeled coal cars.

As a general thing, the men in this Department have performed their duties in a manner creditable to themselves, and satisfactory to their employers.

Respectfully submitted,

ENOCH LEWIS, Second Assistant Sup't. No. 1.

ANNUAL REPORT, 1853.

GENERAL STATEMENT.

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DESCRIPTION OF WALLY ST. C.	·	BY AMOUNT OF EXPENDITURE IN		
From freight at stations	\$1,480,656 45	Motive power department	\$299,635 44	
From tolls on Individual cars	17,705 46	Conducting transportation, freight department	749,138 65	
From Harrisburg and Lancaster Railroad Com-		Conducting transportation, passenger department ?.	412,468 50	
pany for motive power	9,158 59	Maintenance of Way	86,972 36	
From first class passongers	1,037,671 77	Maintanance of Cars	125,466 34	
From emigrant passengers	97,236 96		1	\$1,673,681 29
From Adams & Co.'s Express	38,124 65	By amount net profits		1,101,208 08
From carrying mails	72,765 04			
From rents	8,008 14			
From individuals and corporations	12,419 77			
From sundries	1,142 54	20 000 744 00		2.774.889 37
		77.11.700		

* Including \$37,064.38 Baltimore and Susquehanna Railroad tolls.

62,867.89 Harrisburg and Lancaster Railroad tolls.

299,266.18 State tolls (Columbia Railroad, \$186,112.91; Portage Railroad, \$113,153.07).

" 76,684.31 State tax. † Including \$87,302.87 Columbia Raliroad tolls on emigrants, and tickets redeemed from Bingham & Dock.

92,471.75 tolls on Allegheny Portage Railroad.
 94,824.62 tolls on Harrisburg and Lancaster Railroad.

THOS. R. DAVIS, Chief Clerk Transportation Department.

No. 2. STATEMENT OF MONTHLY RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES.

Months.	Gross Receipts.	Expenditure.	Net receipts.
January	\$235,383 28	\$ 12 4 ,729 25	\$ 110,654 03
February	285,068 49	128,163 20	156,905 29
March	311,591 92	168,206 07	143,385 85
April	260,33 4 43	140,637 62	119,696 81
May	185,767 91	121,945 27	63,822 64
June	150,328 78	114,096 41	86,232 32
July	148,560 84	*170,545 78	-21,984 94
August	225,312 57	128,764 97	96,547 60
September	248,528 10	130,489 51	118,038 59
October	234,193 99	131,862 19	102,331 80
November	237,536 76	132,247 58	105,289 18
December	252,282 35	*181,993 44 ·	70,288 91
Total	\$ 2,774,889 37	\$ 1,673,681 29	\$1,101,208 08

^{*} Including State tax.

No. 3.—ANNUAL REPORT, 1853.—GENERAL STATEMENT.

		FREIGHT	HT RECEIPTS.	IPTS.							PASSENGER RECEIPTS	R RECE	IPT8.					
		FREIGH	GHT PROPER	, KB.		A700	COLUMBIA RAII	RAILBOAD LINE	ņi.	COLUMBIA	A BRANCH	#i	AILEOAD.	HARRISBURG	BURG AND	LANCASTER		RAILROAD.
Months.	From freight, at stations,	From tolls on ind. cars.	From Harris- burg and Lan. Co. for motive power.	From sundry sources.	Totals.	From first-class passengers to and from points west of Colum- bia Railroad.	From emigrant passengers.	For carrying U. S. mails.	Totals.	Front first class passengers.	тивараты тот Т ревовительной примения.	For carrying U. S. mails.	Totals.	From first-class passengers,	From emigrant Passengers.	From Adams* Express.	For carrying U. S. mails.	Totals.
Јап	Jan \$174,201 85	\$969 16	06 Gn6\$		\$176,080 91	\$2,221 55	\$589 33	\$1,229 16	\$4,040 04	\$937 20	\$101 97	\$67 92 \$	\$1,107 09	\$5,766 70	\$48 24	\$319 95	00 nos	\$6,734 89
Feb	212,158 99	770 40	863 35		213,792 74	2,880 88	918 68	1,229 16	5,028 72	755 70	207 7t.	67 92	1,031 38	6,519 93	72 66	370 45	00 009	7,589 65
March	197,202 76	829 32	1,030 48		199,062 56	7,464 45	1,251 23	1,229 16	9,944 84	1,506 67	317 10	67 92	1,891 69	11,175 84	152 30	388 94	00 009	12,317 08
April	133,878 28	1,120 93	996 34		135,995 55	8,824 18	1,660 77	1,229 16	11,714 11	2,858 30	441 86	67 92	3,368 08	12,395 40	212 16	316 72	000	13,524 28
May	76,177 64	1,335 08	627 96		78,140 68	7,016 85	1,767 75	1,229 16	10,374 21	1,026 35	382 94	67 92	1,477 21	9,757 40	180 08	284 32	00 009	10,821 77
June	47,359 88	1,286 09	516 24		49,162 21	7,061 32	2,803 97	1,229 16	11,589 53	832 10	571 04	67 92	1,471 06	8,235 49	269 99	161 21	00 009	9,266 69
July	43,357 26	876 93	516 04	\$603 08	45,443 31	7,722 24	1,393 45	1,229 16	10,743 66	1,036 37	298 63	67 92	1,402 82	8,943 40	152 79	194 42	00 009	9,890 61
Aug	97,686 89	1,369 88	665 65	1,929 09	101,651 51	7,529 58	2,124 95	1,229 16	11,282 50	1,103 20	449 79	67 92	1,620 91	10,772 33	227 03	303 57	900 009	11,902 93
Sept	93,837 11	1,946 47	684 25	17,115 68	113,583 51	7,390 92	1,955 24	1,229 16	10,974 12	937 25	447 51	67 92	1,452 68	10,753 72	222 54	384 06	00 009	11,960 32
0¢t	98,906 76	2,384 56	814 83	2,377 85	104,484 00	8,254 14	1,841 04	1,229 16	11,723 14	1,168 49	431 14	67 92	1,667 55	11,188 97	210 60	255 28	00 009	12,254 85
Nov	123,603 59	2,009 05	768 29	8,910 86	135,291 79	5,181 35	2,495 60	1,229 16	9,304 91	1,107 60	558 32	67 92	1,733 84	8,394 85	269 04	226 65	00 009	9,490 54
Dec	147,890 86	2,807 59	765 26	3,368 02	154,831 73	4,797 02	2,716 85	1,229 24	9,141 75	840 93	580 11	67 92	1,488 95	8,222 77	280 29	301 10	00 009	9,404 16
Totals	Totals 1,446,261 87 17,705	17,705 46	9,158 59	34,394 58	1,507,520 50	79,592 67	21,518 86	14,750 00	115,861 53	14,110 15	4,788 07	815 04 1	19,713 26	112,126 80	2,324 30	3,506 67	7,200 00	125,157 77

No. 3. -GENERAL STATEMENT-Continued.

PASSENGER RECEIPTS.

									Tabliage 1									
	PENNST	PENNSYLVANIA RAILBOAD-		EASTERN DIVISION	DIVISION.	ALLEGH	ALLEGHENY PORTAGE BAILBOAD.	TAGE BAII	CROAD.	PENNSYI	CVANIA BA	ILROAD-W	PENNBYLVANIA BAILROAD—WESTERN DIVISION	TYISION.		MISOEL	MISCELLANEOUS.	
Months.	From first class passengers.	from emigrant ersgnesseq.	From Adams' Express.	For carrying. U. S. mails.	Totals.	From first class passengers.	From emigrant passengers.	For carrying. U. S. mails.	Totals.	From first class passengers,	From emigrant passengers.	From Adams' Express.	For carrying U. S. mails.	Totals.	From rents,	From individ- from individ- corporations.	From sundries.	Totals.
Jan	\$19,797 33	\$795 93	\$1,286 56	\$2,283 33	\$24,163 15	\$4,812 20	\$147 39	\$450 00	\$5,409 59	\$12,960 83	\$482 25	\$1,124	18 \$1,433 33	\$16,000 59	\$574 37	\$245 51	\$1,027 14	\$235,383 28
Feb	24,015 40	1,683 40	2,226 15	2,283 33	30,208 28	90 860'9	323 31	450 00	6,871 37	16,172 45	973 93	1,359 64	1,433 33	19,939 35	582 16	24 84		285,068 49
March	39,746 30	2,435 64	2,268 80	2,283 33	46,734 07	10,244 27	474 37	450 00	11,168 64	25,724 14	1,447 76	1,231 71	1,433 33	29,836 94	602 80	33 30		311,591 92
April	46,207 81	3,124 37	1,576 75	2,283 33	53,192 26	10,292 47	593 73	450 00	11,336 20	25,219 37	1,845 94	1,713 32	1,433 33	30,211 96	618 41	373 58		260,334 43
Мау	37,132 89	2,891 69	1,598 25	2,283 33	43,906 16	9,438 31	529 72	450 00	10,418 03	24,834 10	1.649 42	1,303 57	1,433 33	29,220 42	621 53	787 90		185,767 91
June	32,047 93	4,646 58	940 39	2,283 33	39,918 23	8 335 46	18 068	450 00	9,676 33	22,050 42	3,508 62	510 50	1,433 33	27,502 87	625 50	1,116 31		150,328 73
July	34,058 65	2,311 85	1,211 95	2,283 33	39,865 78	8,650 82	432 27	450 00	9,533 09	26,073 51	1,502 50	979 74	1,433 33	29,989 08	481 80	1,210 69		148,560 84
Aug	41.223 76	3,621 71	1,713 72	2,283 33	48,842 52	10,417 24	744 79	450 00	11,612 03	30,710 40	2,756 74	1,268 93	1,433 33	36,169 40	693 91	1,421 46	115 40	225,312 57
Sept	43,381 76	3,571 07	2,303 72	2,283 33	51,539 88	11,949 28	708 58	450 00	13,107 86	37,543 52	2,730 51	1,905 03	1,433 33	43,612 39	961 28	1,336 06	:	248,528 10
Oct	44,224 24	3,681 96	1,638 31	2,283 33	51,827 84	11,689 49	719 41	450 00	12,858 90	31,032 12	2,752 88	1,059 21	1,433 33	36,277 54	739 17	2,361 00		234,193 99
Nov	33,391 43	3,748 54	1,286 47	2,283 33	40,709 77	8,805 27	733 14	450 00	9,988 41	23,481 53	3,157 04	1,054 28	1,433 33	29,126 18	752 74	1,138 58		237,536 76
Dec	31,787 49	3,909 97	1,845 53	2,283 37	39,826 36	7,353 35	737 91	450 00	8,541 26	20,938 55	2,339 94	1,211 27	1,433 33	25,923 18	754 47	2,370 54		252,282 35
Totals.	427,014 99	36,422 71	19,896 60	27,400 00	510,734 30	108,086 22	7,035 49	2,400 00	120,521 71	296,740 94	25,147 53	14,721 38	17,200 00	353,809 85	8,008 14	12,419 77	1,142 54	2,774,889 37

THOMAS B. DAVIS, Chief Clerk Transportation Department.

No. 4.-ANNUAL RÉPORT, 1853.

Statement showing monthly totals of various class-receipts of Pennsylvania Railroad and connecting roads, throughout the year 1853.

Овая.	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November. December.	December.	Total.
FREIGHT RECEIPTS.													
From freight at stations \$174		201 85 \$212,158 99 \$197,202 76 \$133,878 28	\$197,202 76	\$133,878 28	\$76,177 64	\$47,359 88	\$43,357 26	\$97,686 89	\$93,837 11		\$98,906 76 \$123,603 59 \$147,890 86 \$1,446,261 87	\$147,890 86	\$1,446,261 87
From tolls on individual cars	969 16	770 40	829 32	1,120 93	1,335 08	1,286 09	876 93	1,369 88	1,946 47	2,384 56	2,009 05	2,867 59	17,705 46
From Harrisburg and Lancas- ter Co., for motive power	06 606	863 35	1,030 48	996 34	627 96	516 24	516 04	665 65	684 25	813 83	768 29	765 26	9,158 59
From sundries			•				80 869	1,929 09	17,115 68	2,377 85	8,910 86	3,368 02	34,394 58
PASSENGER RECEIPTS.													
From first class passengers	46,495 81	56,442 42	95,861 67	105 797 53	89,566 35	79,057 80	86,883 80	102,155 32	112,355 25	107,956 25	80,760 83	74,338 74	74,338 74 1,037,671 77
From emigrant passengers	2,165 11	4,206 35	6,078 40	7,878 83	7,401 57	12,691 07	6,091 39	9,925 01	9,635 45	9,637 03	10,961 68	10,565 07	91,236 96
From Adams & Co.'s Express	2,730 69	3,956 24	3,889 45	3,606 79	3,186 14	1,612 10	2,386 11	3,286 22	4,592 81	2,952 80	2,567 40	3,357 90	38,124 65
From carrying mails	6,063 74	6,663 74	6,063 74	6,063 74	6,063 74	6,063 74	6,063 74	6,063 74	6,063 74	6,063 74	6,063 74	6,063 90	72,765 04
MISCELLANEOUS RECEIPTS.												****	
From rents	574 37	582 16	602 80	618 41	621 53	625 50	481 80	693 91	961 28	739 17	752 74	754 47	8,008 14
From individuals and corporations	245 51	24 84	33 30	373 58	787 90	1,116 31	1,210 69	1,421 46	1,336 06	2,361 00	1,138 58	2,370 54	12,419 77
From sundries	1,027 14							115 40					1,142 54
Totals \$235	\$235,383 28	383 28 \$285,068 49 \$311,591 92 \$260,334 43 \$185,767 91 \$150,328 73 \$148,560 84 \$225,312 57 \$248,528 10 \$234,193 09 \$237,536 76 \$252,282 35 \$2,174,889 37	\$311,591 92	\$260,334 43	\$185,767 91	\$150,328 73	\$148,560 84	\$225,312 57	\$248,528 10	\$234,193 09	\$237,536 76	\$252,282 35 \$	2,774,889 37

THOMAS R. DAVIS, Chief Gerk Transportation Department.

	Stations.	Junuary.	February.	March.	April	Мау.	June.	July.	August.	Septemb'r.	October.	November. December	December.
_	Philadelphia	&6.351 F3	\$0 551 FO	150 B	623 765 95	20 505	801 78G 95	1 2	2	189	E33 918	£24 FB0 40	17 064
vi	Lancaster	3.138 67	3338 02	5.487	24	3,653	3,193,50	100	4,623	5.305	900	4.117 37	350
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. 4	Buck Lock	2	86	3			- 24	8	28	9 69	- 64	4	1
4	Landisville		9	3	7		7 35		10 05		. 19 6	2 2	*
9	Nount Joy		137	586	521		161 00	193	194 50	146	192	162 10	191
-	_		105	133	166	118	74	3	129 17	2	2	307 30	125
6	Middletown		245	<u>8</u>	980	65%	222	588	803 803	36	603	308	2
Ξ;	Ξ:			88	30	55	72	20	34 48	12	12	22	13
Ξ,			4,877	9,214	17,418	11 132	6,955	8,187	9,960 35	11,935	10,519	2, 207, 8	6,069
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11	_		167	200	532	449	375	300	503 27	25	813	356 40	369
8	Z		195	838	535	401	313	319	435 10	352	614	378 00	302
6	Thompsontown		50	6,1	22	23	13	3	15 70	8	13	30.0	12
2	Mexico		12	15	2	7	_	**	28 20	24	9	2	- !
7 8	Perryville	79 88	€;	240	120	181	222	763	310 25	421	412	252	100
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Statement No. 5-Continued.

December.	\$266 83 2,025 22 404 25 404 25 404 25 430 66 379 66 379 66 1,393 18 613 46 1,393 18 1,393 18 1,393 18 1,393 18 1,4 50 1,177 10
November, December	\$173 89 \$411 25 \$46 90 \$14 10 \$16 10 \$16 10 \$17 27 \$18 25 \$19 467 02 \$1,507 27 \$1,507 27
October.	\$351 00 \$,943 02 \$436 05 \$436 05 \$80 05 \$80 05 \$7 90 \$7 90
Septemb'r. October.	\$304.87 3,592.40 887.70 988.70 612.85 614.56 614.56 63.310 77.25 67.25 77.25 879.40 879.40 879.40 879.40 879.80 889.63
August.	8,1746 23 8,101 40 8,263 40 8,263 43 8,263 43 8,360 40 8,263 43 43 13,066 652 20 13,263 43 43 43 43 43 43 43 43 43 43 43 43 43 43 43 44 59 224 80 1,007 66 1,007 67 1,007 67 </td
July.	\$69 60 662 20 524 80 333 60 1,337 90 11 90 11 90 1,251 30
Junė.	\$1,666 63 1,209 05 445 98 627 60 8,377 63 302 97 302 97 164 95 164 95
May.	\$1,866 40 1,458 45 282 76 2,978 50 4,661 61 2,978 50 68 90 68 90
April.	\$2,843 T6 1,056 80 1,056 80 2,376 25 29 00 87 00 87 00
March.	81,746 23 81,911 08 83,601 40 82,843 75 81,666 60 81,666 60 60 1,066 80 1,448 445 98 1,208 38 2,522 60 4,168 72 2,376 26 2,978 50 2,125 17 2,179 85 8,215 67 7,609 30 3,806 47 4,661 16 5,377 53 2,179 85 8,215 7 7,609 30 3,806 47 4,661 16 5,377 53 2,179 85 8,215 7 7,609 30 3,806 47 4,661 16 53 30 97 120 86 87 12 87 87 80 99 164 95 86 86 87 86 86 10 86 10 86 10 86 10 86 10
January. February.	81,746 23 81,911 08 83,601 40 593 65 776 32 1,479 66 1,208 38 2,522 60 4,168 72 2,179 85 8,215 57 7,609 30
January.	\$1,746 23 593 65 1,208 38 2,179 85
Stations.	New York

LEWIS L. HOUPT, General Ticket Agent.

No. 6.—Statement of passengers carried from and to each station Pennsylvania Railroad during 1853.

Shutlons						-													-				_	
Properties	Stations.	JAN	UARY.	FEBR	UARY.	MAI	всн.	APR	II.	MA		JUNE	.,	July.		Avers		EPTEMB		Остовки		OVEMB		ECEMB
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Shortest Shortest	> >		_			_			_	954		712				'					_			805
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Schoole's William	-								_	46		479												089
Collinary	-									7.7		13												84
Collina-Series										139		3											_	138
Paletrouth 27 25 25 25 25 25 25 25										6		2.6												8
Parallelistics	_	_								1 6		iŝ	_										_	3 8
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Heartisburg										8		1									_			99
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No. 6.—Statement of passengers carried, &c.—Continued.

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Десемвев.	From	4.	782	3 2	88	313	1,519	2,383	3 8	3 4	126	83	25	3	6	1,218	CF7	34	82	149	120,1	3 2	88	204	1.058	8	174	5	648	413	5,133
IBER.	To	832	247	8	220	336	1,662	2,245	35	496	153	52	263	48	19	1,224	600	191	8	221	130	116		#09 8	1,369	, 61	262	190	796	607	1,050 6,797
November.	From	883	200	345	217	37.5	1,659	2,693	45	341	163	41	248	16	7.	1,163	767	173	8	879	35	115	143	779	1,333	53	262	200	999	564	699 6,150
BER.	°T.	877	3 5	112	191	406	1,837	3,156	976	624	203	55	276	1.4	8.	1,340	200	216	7	88	131	164		165	1.348	55	258	8 6	2.069	77.5	1,518
Остовев	From	954	119	67	242	516	2,096	3,294	3 8	66	83	98	187	8	8	1,500	404	242	125	123	2.5	121	26	3 6	1,385	49	279	3 5	1.720	3	1,045 8,854
(BER.	្ន	894	1 010	13	188	464	1,790	2,793	912	Ş	227	8	2,53	16	27	1,173	200	218	132	266	200	188	:		1,374	88	8	4 6	2.031	912	1,973
SEPTEMBER	From	1,029	1050	48	218	504	2,049	3,310	9.5	752	240	2	4.5	2 0	4	1,524	202	88	106	135	1,187	216	6	25.5	2,396	82	573	137	1.873	1,102	1,935 9,282
78T.	To	978	1 88	174	253	1,054	2,410	3,400	110	<u>\$</u>	357	108	321	92	8	1,306	410	231	178	355	40,	331	2,308	1,180	1.834	140	434	38	1.877	1,219	2,078 9,337
August	From	964	_	•			64	C.3								_				•	_		•	178	2.285	124	324	3 6	1.599	1,096	1,838 9,982
¥.	ů	1,077	169	1	33	473	2,499	3,486	9 5	3	250	115	48	3 2	8	1,562	3 2	305	120	376	130	175		202	1.759	112	900	870	1.278	1,387	2,515 9,872
July.	From	1,041	1962	48	252	479	2,382	3,746	16.5	906	315	8	374	7	28	1,554	8 6	312	106	356	1,618	133	45	146	1.77	82	389	40.	1003	1,262	2,225 10,907
pi	ដ	705	35	4.5	224	329	1,754	2,560	192	655	243	œ	319	3 1	8	666	717	17.5	111	356	24	157		101	1.417	93	289	920	868	1,183	1,923
JUNE	From	745	277	4	252	33	1,634	3,016	33	929	218	\$	281	3 %	99	1,116	501	197	85	132	3 5	157	-	18	1.368	101	588	100	746	893	1,610 6,959
×	To	199	2 2	2 2	238	8	1.588	2,217	99	233	230	56	275	3	38	920	60 G	193	86	4 50	200	117		4 5	1 451	88	274	85 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	69	1,245	1,525
MAY.	From	189	242	-	237	893	1,465	2,534	325	448	173	-	216	3 %	38	1,076	207	200	102	378	9	3 8		678	1.530	7	271	496	5.5	831	1,451 7,366
냽	To	17.4	801	1016	187	226	1,459	1,998	1 20	540	141	2	823	48	35	914	173	157	99	291	4 6	133	::	248	1.087	48	508	475	200	\$	1,352
APRIL	From	669	999	3	158	231	1.193	2,506	44	401	168	32	Į.	200	15	1,055	119	175	잃	216	200	38		69	1.193	32	199	410	4 5	282	1,186 6,269
	To	626	541	5	86	136	1,083	1,877	4 4 4 4	516	156	3	863	0 00	33	842	96	167	8	173	200	112		537	1.073	77	171	679	466	632	1,127 6,272
Мавсн	From	586	142	3	100	133	166	2,172	31	306	8	4	227	5 5	75	990	3 5	221	22	118	†6.	97		731	1.134	ន	178	317	437	491	923 5,884
ART.	Ţ	520	101	2 40	8	3	845	1,326	183	413	168	4	7 8	2 %	35	557	010	155	86	162	20.5	91		473	864	ន	119	3 6	455	4	4,159
FEBRUARY.	From	479	4482	11	8	118	150	1,712	23	35	210	98	18	2 6	3 2	969	3 2	161	27	253	200	2		884	116	8	88	187	386	380	4,486
BY.	្ន	260	3 5	15	9	121	852	1,568	20 19	525	198	3	8	137	3	613	9 6	147	89	187	200	38		<u>4</u>	856	4	100	273	12	385	3,84
JANUARY.	From	869		100	6	120	684	1,917	87 S	365	284	5	808	2 6	116	757	6.5	165	8	141	970	61		479	68	S	139	200	3	Š	4,387
Stations.		Spruce Creek	21/2 Birmingbam	3 I yroue					7 Plane No. 9				•		Connemangh			Locknort				Derry			Greensburg				Brinton's	Wilkinsburg	

No. 7. Statement of passengers carried over Pennsylvania Baitroad from and to foreign stations during 1853.

JANUA																							
Stations.	IUARY.		FEBRUARY	W.	Мавси.	APRIL.	11	MAY.	ř.	JUNE.		JULY.	Þ;	August.		SEPTEMBER.	IBER.	Остовев.	EB.	November.		D есемвев.	ER.
From	1 To	From	ų	From	To	From	To	From	To	From	Ţ	From	To	From	2	From	To	From	To	From	To F	From	T ₀
New York	340	325	83	609	640	476	388	312	348	272	722	8 516	82 610	55 A	157 689	596	109	677	629	<u> </u>	194	2,3	13
Massillon77	1.4	100	11	191	297	136	351	189	246	144	131	76	108	173	141	8 8	144	3 2 2	147	<u>: </u>	88	83	81
Wooster								8 %	2,23	32	15	8 8	ខ្ល	149	101	89	139	128	168	288	13 62	29 62	282
Sandusky	Ш						T		ii	Ť	Ħ	T				9	112	_© ដ	5 =:		112	102	9 []
Zanesville Cleveland	268	412	365	610	790	347	606	440	572 63	236	413 83	36	3 %	326 118	130	835 121	767 158	252 98	# 12 85 :		106 106	211	320
Aenia. 325 220 Cincinnati. 325 220 Louisville.	220	1,214	572	1,113	1,235	555	561 103	673	480	831	386	816	446	827	995	524	806 906	27	= <u>₹</u> =	•	<u>: :</u>	169	284 g
St. Louis			œ		53	4	3	24	5	46	61	ii	T	8				: 22	7	27.	81	83 1	*
Bellefontaine																61	25,1	50 t 4	828	<u>. </u>	26 44	55	ននន
Jeffersonville Terre Haute Toledo				20	58	10	19	18	-	16	18	. ∞	6	35	16	17	56	. *	32 02	<u>!</u>	<u> </u>	4 82	8 68
Detroit. Chicago, M. S. R.R. } Chicago, M. C. R.R. }			9	6	17	29	166	101	146	129	67	186	110	143	143	120	214	. 172	256	179	183	187	143
Milwaukie				Ī	i	÷	i	<u> </u>	÷	T	<u>:</u>	-	÷	÷	÷		61	i	<u>:</u>		<u>:</u>	_	4

No. 8.

Number of passengers carried from and to each station, Pennsylvania Railroad, during 1853.

Stations.	From	То	Total passengers both ways 1853.	Total receipts passengers 1855.
Philadelphia	43,127	39,623	82,750	\$ 262,485 09
Lancaster	17,517	14,814	32,331	51,205 29
Columbia	11,109	11,773	22,882	5,166 72
Chiques	770	632	1,402	126 75
Marietta	8,993	6,871	15,864	3,509 70
Shock's Mills	663	702	1,365	179 00
Bainbridge	1,951	1,833	3,784	681 73 152 35
Collins	422 301	451 371	873 672	110 60
Buck Lock.	47	78	125	22 80
Landisville	177	330	507	82 90
Mount Joy	4.324	4,769	9,093	2,560 80
El zabethtown	2,672	3,278	5,950	1,335 78
Middletown	8,903	10,396	19,299	4,033 99
Highspire	1,151	1,144	2,295	312 73
Harrisburg	54,524	48,670	103,194	111,414 69
Rockville	892	1,294	2,186	437 72 154 5 5
Cove	413 5.434	59 7 5,091	1,010 10,525	4.207 15
Aqueduct	7,845	10.517	18,362	15,291 70
Bailey's	407	463	870	239 65
Newport	4.457	4,126	8,583	4,981 23
Millerstown	3,194	2,935	6,129	4,486 66
Thompsontown	472	637	1,109	248 75
Mexico	254	304	558	130 40
Perryville	3,336	3,113	6,449	2,932 39
Mifflin	6,470	6,742	13,212	7.362 00
Lewistown	14,221 328	14,125 433	28,346 761	21,956 45 140 65
Anderson's	4.725	4,512	9,267	3,523 34
Manayunk.	131	197	328	93 88
Newton Hamilton	2,575	2,510	5,085	1,747 43
Mount Union	5,433	5,068	10,501	5,361 54
Mapleton	496	459	955	256 32
Mill Creek	3,387	3,092	6,479	2,319 20
Huntingdon	12,704	12,981	25,685	9,638 47 3,909 1 5
Petersburg	6,132 322	6,161 393	12,293 715	132 90
Barree Spruce Creek	9,406	9,364	18,770	8.152 16
Birmingham	3,246	3,337	6,583	1,634 91
Tyrone	9,767	10,899	20,666	10,802 16
Tipton's	424	718	1,142	252 48
Fos'oria	2,372	2,177	4,549	1,172 10
Bell's Mills	4,318	4,454	8,772	1,853 43
Altoona	18,960	19,340	38,300	13,594 54
Hollidaysburg	33,214	29,326	62,540	43,627 93 366 40
Plane No. 9	620 866	1,063 1,082	1,683 1,948	410 38
Summit	6.637	7,259	13,896	7,990 11
Plane No. 4	2,662	2,490	5.152	1,969 69
Plane No. 2	.681	753	1,334	384 70
Jefferson	3,184	3,546	6,730	2,987 72
Half Way House	1,783	1,983	3,766	1,290 35
Viaduct	227	658	885	149 50
Conemaugh	794	424	1,218	553 58 17,511 55
Johnstown	14,276	12,847 2,465	27,123 4,796	1,176 05
NinevehFlorence	2,331 4,187	2,405 3,781	7,968	2,752 03
Lockport	2,792	2,227	5,019	1,726 79
noce hor a	2,102	-,,-	1 0,010	.,5 10

No. 8—Continued.

Stations.	From	То	Total passengers both ways 1853.	Total . receipts passengers 1853.
Bolivar	936	1,284	2,2?0	84 97 15
Blairsville Intersect	3,147	3 574	6,721	1.223 52
Blairsville	12,387	11,242	23,629	11 192 41
Hillside,	1,105	1.410	2,515	610 27
Derry	1,470	1.862	3,332	966 21
St. Clair	531	2,308	2.839	407 75
Latrobe	8,519	7.929	16,448	7,303 F5
Beatty's	1.268	1.482	2,750	844 10
Greensburg	17,319	15,533	32.852	14.698 17
Radebaugh's	706	821	1,5 7	35.4 70
Manor	3,170	2.987	6 157	1,757 15
Irwin's	r.813	5 731	11.547	2,929 51
Stewart's	2,965	2,990	5,955	1,353 59
Brinton's	10,455	12,297	22,752	3,976 39
Wilkinsburg	8,761	9,805	18,566	1,922 06
Liberty	14,986	17,849	32,835	2,580 60
	85,659	91.838	177,497	206,280 55
Pittsburgh New York	225	252	477	1.761 81
	5.319		12,049	31,387 62
Baltimore	305	6,730	305	
Alliance		1 028		2,249 50
Massillon	1,541	1,935	3,476	12,262 57
Wooster	156 478	203 311	359 789	1,624 50 3,325 18
Mansfield		590		
Crestline	643		1,233	4,294 85
Sandusky	26	60	86	232 05
Newark	49	53	102	·304 50
Zanesville	0.077	81	81	6 7 040 48
Cleveland	3,877	6,562	10,439	25,842 47
Xenia		101	101	
Cincinnati	8,525	7,118	15,643	56,652 62
Louisville		345	345	
8t. Louis	200	196	396	1,315 24
Marion	30		30	217 15
Bellefontaine	68		68	485 73
Dayton	3	69	72	21 75
Indianapelis	202	151	353	1 343 60
La Fayette	13	28	41	94 2
Jefferson ville	8		8	58 00
Terre Haute			8	
Toledo	193	* 218	411	1,366 98
Detroit		3	3	
Chicago	1,255	1,505	2,760	8,699 40
Milwaukle		18	18	
Union			· ·····························	14 50
Columbus	600	879	1,479	3,996 90
Totals	565,839	569,069	1,134,908	\$1,069,740 3

Total mileag	e from Harrisburg to Pittsburgh for the year 1	853:
w	estwardly	17,740,478
E	stwardly	15,068,871
From which th	ie number of equivalent through passengers is	found to be
	e number of equivalent through passengers is estwardly	

No. 9. ANNUAL·REPORT, 1853. EMIGRANT STATEMENT,

and Pittsburgh, and	Totals.	10,580 7,030 <u>\$</u>	17,610}
lumbia, Harrisburg,	To Pittsburgh and points west.	9,530 <u>4</u> 6,221	15,751½
ia to Lancaster, Oost.	To Harrisburg.	429 355 <u>}</u>	7841
ork and Philadelphia to Land points west.	To Columbia.	76 103	179
sengers from New]	To Lancaster.	544 <u>4</u> 351	8951
Showing the number of passengers from New York and Philadelphia to Lancaster, Columbia, Harrisburg, and Pitsburgh, and points west.	From	New York	

No. 10.

ANNUAL REPORT, 1853.

Freight receipts of Pennsylvania Railroad for the year 1853.

	First class.		Secon- class.		Third class.		Fourt class.		Total.	
From Pittsburgh to Philadelphi	\$ 12.23 4	44	\$1 7,654	87	\$4 5,976	04	\$265,563	94	\$ 371,429	29
From way stations to Philadelphia.	8,819	48	9,402	60	21,011	01	63,271	55	102,504	64
From Pittsburgh to Baltimore	2,615	18	9,901	49	12,042	96	107,389	68	131,949	31
From Philadelphia to Pittsburgh	360,825	38	127,617	39	13,216	84	21,998	61	526,658	22
From Philadelphia to way stations.	29,439	32	30,494	4 5	13,815	57	11,194	11	84,942	45
From Baltimore to Pittsburgh	25,355	69	14,492	19	2,852	24	15,873	99	58,574	11
Local, eastward	7,955	22	10,393	0.1	11,379	59	44,220	54	73,948	35
Local, westward	24,041	22	7,341	31	7,649	09	57,223	88	96,255	50
	\$171,284	93	\$ 257 ,2 97	30	\$ 127,943	34	\$ 589,736	80	\$1,44 6,261	87
•	Receipt	s fo	r tolls, &	c					52,10	04
					er				9,158	59
	To	tal	freight r	ece	ip ts				\$1,507.520	50

Information from records of the general freight office.

Tons of through freight, east	35,657	Mileage, through freight, east 8,302,100
Tons of through freight, west	37,842	Mileage, through freight, west 8,263,826
Tons of local freight, east	49,438	Mileage, way freight, east 5,056 6: 6
Tons of local freight, west	36, 695	Mileage, way freight, west 4,703,010
Number of cars to Philadelphia	19,772	Total mileage on Pennsylvania R.R 26,330,542
Number of cars from Philadelphia	19,105	Total mileage on Har. and Lan. R.R. 3,058,881
Average load, east	5,916	Total mil-age on Columbia R.R 8,224,536
Average load, west	4,875	Total milesge on Portage 2,427,967
Tons of Baltimore freight, east	11,984	Tons subject to State tax 151,190
Tons of Baltimore freight, west	5 185	Mileage of taxed tonnage26,251,949
Total tons moved	159,632	Amount of State tax

Note.-Mileage estimate I in tons carried one mile.

ALFRED L. SMITH,

Chief Clerk.



No. 11.

Report of Tonnage sent from and received at each station during the year of 1853

N	AME OF STATION.		FORWA	RDED.			RECE	IVED.	
		1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st C'ass.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.
A	Philadelphia	46,181,904	29,675,274	6,900,428	9,430,597	3,320,210	9,490,854	14,625,481	88,502,270
	Baltimore	2,743,005	1,889,228	621 189	4,471,860	373,686	1,473,952	2,470,204	19,406,611
3	Lancaster	265,534	79,773	113,253	120,132	50,678	85,920	674,616	1,163.463
V	Columbia	110,743	96,919	10 ,791	3,077,341	19,003	35 436	569,279	419,76
	Harrisburg	2,001,258	927,980	683,403	4,406,189	446,396	318,579	949,846	2 714,89
	Cove	1,200	475	60		3,753	1,995	30,538	217,54
	Duncannon	76,055	20,291	145,398		155,266	276 921	131,148	1,354,78
	Baileysburg	1,550	. 250		1,074	1,084	720	3,544	9,81
L7	Newport	132,425	124,257	615,716		183,456	362, 388	497.920	100,26
	Millerstown	321,611	249,384	410,567		148 379	158,081	219 908	129,55
	Perryville	110,081	63 021	720,393		164,850	263,806	405.851	19,42
	Mifflin	186,619	153,711	649,691		209.889	319,606	639,407	405,43
	Lewistown	569,195	1,033,119	1,944,375		759,369	1,168,023	1,3 9 420	923,87
	McVeytown	46,162	27,065	28,389		85,537	91,444	46,735	311.73
	Newton Hamilton	13,163	4,459	21,264		25,541	24,747	16,365	480,42
	Mount Union	174,457	53,729	554,964	1,126,421	23 0,701	376,226	398,910	457,02
	Mapleton	00.070		014 047	440.045	104 505	104 030	00.04	101.00
	Mill Creek	90.079	55,477	314,641		104,735	134,628	39,644	121,26
30	Huntingdon	108,334	93,133	107,168		242 097	328,766		399,98
	Petersburg Spruce Creek	130,697	42,774	123,778	1,308,101	96,541 297,882	81,447	50,109 228,610	250,77
	Tyrone	115,306 123,229		156,491		815,685	520,513 1,320,021	583,968	836,75
	Fostoria	4,080	44, 699 890	34,314		30,259	48,285		1,674,62 426,57
	Bell's Mills	21.179	2,94 6	1,050 4,250		24,221	80,615	46,937	442.61
	Altoons	55,268	42,921	53,004		507,070			8,252,52
36	Hollidaysburg Int.	276,767	258,593	963,980		643,648		413.293	2,748 65
	Summit		60,281	75,828		552,597	669,042		4,072,94
	Jefferson		00,201	10,020	131,000	5,113			60,46
	Derry	16,880	9,366	16,133	987,576	20,122	53,803		113,30
47	Johnstown						650,995		
	St. Clair	1,364		5,864		5,676			147.28
49	New Florence	47,776		10,880		70,106			569.80
50	Lockport	29,091	11,859	104,292		40,986			80,41
	Blairsville	203,775				366,981	619,623		
	Hillside	,	,	,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	,	,		
55	Latrobe	194,737	123,069	489 037	5,375,907	187,749			1,955,63
	Greensburg	325,261	228,535			361,909			
58	Manor						99,183	18,324	741,28
	Irwin's	20,664		24,970		36,607	149,758		
	Stewart's								
61	Wilkinsburg				12,259	68,969			
Z	Pittsburgh	4,160,927	19 011 725	10 595 705	90 247 905	46 901 999	19,890,024	9 676 991	35,226,93

ALFRED L. SMITH, Chief Clerk.

No. 11-Continued.

Fennsylvania Railroad Classification of Merchandise.

ARTICLES OF FIRST CLASS.

Acids at double rates, except by car loads. Bags, empty. Beef, fresh. Books and stationery. Boots, shoes, hats, &c Bottled liquors of all kinds. Brooms. Butter, fresh Buffalo, bear, and moose skins. Camphine. Carriages or vehicles of pleasure at double rates, at owner's risk. Carpeting. Cedar and wooden ware. China. Cigars. Clock s. Confectionery. Cotton laps and waste. Cranberries. Cutlery. Dry goods. Eggs, at owner's risk. Feathers. Foreign fruits. Foreign liquors. Foreign induors. Fresh fish, at owner's risk. Fruit trees and shrubbery, at owner's risk. Furniture (boxed), with an addition of 50 per cent. and at owner's risk.

Furniture, new, not boxed, at double rates, and at owner's risk.

Furs and peltries. Garden seeds, in boxes. Ivory Looking-glasses and glass plate, at owner's Muskets and firearms. Oil, in bottles. Oysters, in cans or jars. Paper (writing). Pianos. Pork, fresh, and other fresh meats, way. Poultry, prepared for market and in coops, at owner's risk. Russia bristles. Saddlery. Sasher. Sheet-i on stoves. Snake root. Sperm candles. Tin ware. Trunks. Umbrellas.
Utensils of copper, brass, or steel.
Wagons for hauling goods, when taken to pieces and closely packed.
Willow-ware, at double rates.
Window glass, westward. Wines. Wool (manufactured).

Furniture, common, second hand.

ARTICLES OF SECOND CLASS.

Wool.

Zinc, manufactured.

Unenumerated articles.

Agricultural productions not specified.
Agricultura: implements, less than 160 lbs. each.
Alcohol, in casks.
Apples, dried.
Bagging.
Beer, porter, and ale, in barrels.
Beeswax and honey.
Rones hores also nieces Bones, horns, glue, pieces. Brass not manufactured. Bristles, American. Broom corn, at owner's risk from fire. Brown sheetings and shirtings, in bales. Casks or barrels, empty. Cast-steel. Carpenter's work (except sashes). Cheese, westward. Clover, Timothy, and other grass seeds. Clock weights. Deer skins. Dried peaches, or other fruit. Drugs and medicines. Flaxseed. Glassware. Glue. Groceries, except coffee. Gunny bags. Hardware, except cutlery. Hemp and flax. Hollow-ware. Hops. eather, westward. Mahogany, and other ornamental wood.

Marble, manufactured. Machinery. Mechanics' tools. Ochre. Oil, in casks. Oilcloth. Oysters, in shell at owner's risk. Paints and dyestuffs. Paper hangings.
Peaches, dried or green. Printing paper.
Rags, at owner's risk.
Red lead, ground, in oil or dry. Rice. Ropes and cordage. Saltpetre, com'r, refined. Salt, dairy and table. Shot. Soap. Spices Starch. Steel, spring and blister. Stoves and stove castings, at owner's risk, way. Sugar. Turpentine, spirits.
Tobacco, in bales or hogsheads, westward.
Tobacco, manufactured, except cigars. White lead. Whisky, westward.

No. 11—Continued.

ARTICLES OF THIRD CLASS.

Agricultural implements, exceeding 100 lbs. | Iron, sheet, bar, rolled, slit, or hammered. weight. Apples, green. Ashes, pot or pearl. Bark, ground. Beans and peas Bedford, or other mineral waters, in barrels. Bone-dust. Bran, shipstuff, and other feed. Burr-blocks. Butter, in firkins or kegs. Candles. Castings, iron, heavy and not liable to be broken. Cheese, eastward. Coffee. Coke. Copper, in ingots, pigs, or sheets. Cotton Cement Earthenware and stoneware. Fire-bricks, German clay, grindstones, and guano.
Hay, pressed, at owner's risk from fire.
Hides, dry, green, or Spanish.
Hoge' or cattle hair, in bales or bundles.

Iron and other ore. Lard, way. Leather, eastward. Millestones Oil-cake. Potatoes, turnips, and similar roots. Pork, fresh, at owner's risk. Queenswar Sawed murble Scapstone. Soda, crude.
Stoves, through, at owner's risk.
Stone, for time or building.
Straw paper or binding boards. Steam engines and heavy machinery. Saltpetre, crude. Sumac. Tallow Tin, in boxes.
Tobacco, in leaf or manufactured, castward. Whiting. Window glass, in boxes, castward. Wrapping paper. Zinc, in sheets or blocks.

ARTICLES OF FOURTH CLASS.

Ashes, wood or leached. Bacon. Bark, unground. Barley and malt. Heef and pork, pickled, salted, or dried. Boards and other sawed lumber. Blooms and anchovies. Bricks, not fired. Broken castings. Clay, earth, sand, or gravel. Coal, mineral. Firewood. Fish. Flour. Grain, in bags. Heading and hoop poles. Lard and lard oil, through. Lead, in pig or sheets.

Ice, at owner's risk.

Lime, in barrels. Live stock, by car load. Lumber. Manure, except guano. Marble, in blocks, rough. Nails and spikes. Pork, fresh, in full car loads, at owner's risk. Pig and scrap iron. Plaster. Posts and rails. Railroad ties and sills. Salt, ground.
Shingles and laths.
State or tile, for roofing.
Staves, heading, &c., for cedar-ware.
Tar, pitch, and rosin. Timber, round or hewn. Whisky, eastward.

No. 12.—Report of tonnage of articles sent from and received at Philadelphia, via Pennsylvania Railroad, during the year 1853.

List of articles.	Sent from Philadelphia to Pitts- burgh.	Received at Philadelphia from Pitts- burgh.	Sent from Philadelphia to way stations.	Received at Philadelphia from way stations.
Agricultural implements		113,038	43,638	31,622
Books and stationery	5,102,305 1,831,008	105,115	457,889 133,993	26,276
Butter, eggs, &c	502	856,067	100,000	1,602,100
Brown sheetings and bagging	2,547,250		164,277	
Bark and sumac				993,085
Confectionery and foreign fruits	81,908	10,407	112,281	
Coffee	809,768 1,232,574	•••••	294,046 961,048	l .
Cotton	·	893,037	13,203	1
Coal		4,500	18,087	6,385,480
Camphine and burning fluid			51,915	
Copper and tin	192,061	63,437	192,519	01.010
Drugs medicines and dwastnffs	33,070 486	440,680 55,492	2,640,919 829,681	61,919 145
Copper and tin	2,192,101	6,000	829,081	223,394
Flour		29,125,144		11,906,470
Flour		677,368		15,616
Furniture and oilcloth	551.442	39,246	209 521	49,117
Glass and glasswareGreen and dried fruits	442,881	271,709	203,288	610
Grass and other seeds		3,210,91 5 5 49 ,829	4,207	392,883 915,178
Grain of all kinds		146,049	7,201	2,973,660
Groceries (except coffee)	1,894 202	109,743	3,573,679	8,368
Ginseng		99,120		· ·
Hardware	4.885.946	540,704	1,224,759	229,896
Hides and hair	104 110	209,932	1,784,718	75,890
Hemp and cordage	124,110 227,500	1,257,429 174,058	178,625 1,239,598	457.417
Iron, blooms and pig	221,000	114,000	11,200	1,264,351
Live stock	326,305	6,320,100	59,115	3,855,695
Lead and shot	9,862	21,544	5,727	
Leather	855,898	409,871	155,961	2,291,856
Lard, lard oil, and tallow		5,292,295 12,490		94,632 1,837,168
Machinery castings &c	2,491,490	325,272	1,718.337	1,001,100
Machinery, castings, &c	778,019	25,289	683,842	
Malt and malt liquors	48 405	6,291	683,842 181,586 867,920	3,175
Nails and spikes	2,000		867,920	544,080
Oysters	675,885 218,849	•••••	442,066	
Paper of all kinds, and rags	657,833	14,578	12,728	150,572
Plaster	8, 55		89,636	100,012
Potatoes, turnips, &c	50,451		64,227	45,819
Pot, pearl, and soda ash	879,197	45,317		
Queensware and earthenware	1,517,487	276,219	451,569	1,185
Soap and candles	759,955 13 209	21,034,944 784,131	1,264,023 72,554	133,71 6 7,2 2 5
Tobacco	611,076	605,335	286,636	4,126
Tar, pitch, and rosin	44,570	1,465	56,665	_,
Wines and liquors, foreign	702,374	16,450	637,026	
Whiskey and alsohol		965,231	1,345	583,856
Wool and woolen yarn	36,135	2,189,109	53,858	214,568
Miscellaneous	914,187	66,437	196,603	53,998
Makal Aust along	49.014.005	0.050.403	4 050 400	0.040.492
Total, first class Total, second class	43,014,035 17,036,824	2,258,401 8,984,118	4,650,423 9,333,668	2.049,436 1,971,958
Total, third class	6,315,885	9,280,954	3,844,904	6,041,400
Total, fourth class	2,207,773	57,151,131	3,476.290	27,530 ,264
Total during year.—Pounds	68,604,217	77,674,604	21,305,285	37,593,158

ALFRED L. SMITH.

No. 13.—General statement of freight sent from each station to each station on Pennsylvania Railroad, in pounds.

Tyrone.	2,566,024 278,159 14,532 46,627 199,254 7,783	229 1,900 782 395 101,439 6,052 69,198	2,910 42,880 1111,200 122,040 125,700 28,630 18,483 410,177 300 1,315	25,745 34,585 34,692	660	4,693,709
Spruce Creek.	842,814 7,385 3,692 1,480 11,018	50 110 130,191 290,601	7,758 37,660 59,006 13,406 11,486 11,486 73,429 73,429	2,245	330 243,964	574,0921,764,4914,693,709
Petersburg.	4,278 4,278 1,099 800 3,900 2,738	256 180 16,253 607	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.0	ğ	267	574,092
Huntingdon.	594,105 44,787 6,151 13,566 24,014	50 140 27,097 6,859 31,705	16,641 32,163 107,246 27,646 128,975 14,806 17,750 15,705 500 700	1,285 240 40	066,86	445,070 1,219,891
Mill Creek	188,771 28,730 5,277 100 31,646 5,980	3,000 500 1,510 17,029 2,660 2,612	89 2,193 2,790 100,761 11,976 3,920 3,320 3,15	1,275	31,236	445,070
Mapleton.	3		280			[윤
Mount Union.	985,661 46,315 3,857 28,925 8,891	12,516 400 75 1,380 31,765 3,777	2,535 14,300 810 62,650 70,931 6,000 6 81,882 11,944 4,344	315	48,906	1,951,101
McVeytown.	191,863 1,023 3,877 2,471 36,433	3,300 1,024 4,260 4,309 12,316	22,580 900 12,100 115,000		6,556	435,978
Lewistown.	2,211,001 46,093 28,084 34,517 229,518 143,945 78,428	1,938 1,549 2,330 9,545 958 5,013		3,100	287,588	3,291,143
Mifflin.	1,279,887 2 3,507 9,955 3,300 144,729 34 750	720 5,646 2,000 2,000 2,555 2,012 537	8,000 17,972 31,000 6,000 4,535 780	OE .	81,067	616,010 987,060 1,647,309
Perryville.	768,100 46,323 1,950 1,400 58,479 35,209	17,423 2,282 14,340 11,808 135 12,600	300 20 20 50 50		15,571	987,060
Millerstown.	533,715 1,661 8,000 43,824 20,006	2,051 1,418 197 4,688	225 60 850 250 1,280 390		13,182	
Newport.	1,108,185 12,326 18,480 2,300 67,499	432 547 5,200 160 2,091 310 498	5,050 206 800	4,085	2,729	30,592 1,244,784
Baileysburg.	13,244 2,000 2,944 1,200	6,464	120		4,150	30,592
Рапсапвоп.	540,205 16,115 3,644 26,500 901,208	2,866 6,697 3,236 4,821 164,200 1,251 2,959	40 15,050 1,350 4,000 1,456		25,406	257,586 1,731,004
Cove.	13,223	2,154	800			
.grudeirrall	505,502 3,322 112,533 70,915 43,638		28,010 74,645 32,300 92,638 29,478 96,000 163,335 220,680 2,224 2,224 2,224	10,000	40,453 584 1,452,416	4,557,199
Columbia.	30,715 91,950 70,246	! !	100 48,876 420,840 400 757	115,500	175,167	1,096,564 4,557,199
.тогавтет.	1,800 40,420 138,000 646,205	: 52528 C	15,103 657 19,290 16,280 25,915 25,915 135,190 8,415 2,868		1,882	159
Baltimore.		168 48,959 260 306,440 71,068	14,159 5,335 8,465 8,465 44,915 2,866 118,719 22,908			24,712,005
Philadelphia.	17,994 31,842 147,538 1048,099 11,787	1,332,164 1,145,609 2,472,181 1,705,396 8,003,421 95,531	60,000 235,581 775,0581 775,060 1,137,063 72,900 239,119 628,128 571,528 138,618	13,904 96,231 1,979,549 24,410 5,014 1,572,422	2,886,50b, 532,579 1,001,756 21,406 9,902,445 365 2,432 450 74,706,523,22,779,327	15,736,577
vrom—To	Iphia aore columbia Ilarrisburg Coverno	Baileysburg Newport Millerstown Perryville Mifflin Lewistown XeVeytown Mount Union	Mapheton Mill Creek Huntingdon Petersburg Spruce Oreek Tyrone Tyrone Postoria Bell's Mills Altoona Holidaysburg Summit.	New Florence Lockport Blairaville Derry St. Clair		Total pounds, 115,736,577 24,712,005 1,86

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1	641 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 20
Total.	87,530,647 9,234,200 19,234,200 19,234,200 19,234,200 19,236,200 19,213,236 10,231,328 10,231,328 10,231,328 10,000
Pitisburgh.	66,319,462 8,33,455 179,577 10,227 24,310,920 10,227 24,310,920 10,227 24,310 23,4310 23,4310 11,448 11,448 11,745 31,25,843 31,25,843 31,25,843 31,25,843 31,26,843 31,
Larimer's.	4,101
Wilkinsburg.	28,440 9,975 775 600 2,500 1,930 2,025 2,025 2,025 2,037 2,531 2,531 2,531 2,531 2,531 2,531 2,531 2,531 2,531 2,531
Stewart's.	113,045 14,975 17,920 1,400 1,400 1,400 1,500 1,500 1,000 1,
.a'niw1I	727,973 23,271 4,810 34,635 663,042 60,811 113,69 24,716 24,716 24,716 24,716 24,716 24,716 24,716 24,716 24,716 24,716 24,716 24,716 24,716 24,717
Manor.	80,841 3,051 15,120 4,800 4,800 14,600 628,004
Стеепврит&.	683,042 5,142 6,142 880 880 880 8,096 8,090 8,000 1,591 1,150 1,150 1,150 1,150 1,150 1,150 1,150 1,150 1,130
.edonta.I	343,433 34,633 36,332 43,073 150 150 151 151 151 151 151 151 151 151
St. Clair.	4,810 2000 2000 49,154 49,154 6,100 6,100
Derry.	1,736 650 1650 1650 1650 1650 1650 1650 1650
Blairsville.	727,973 8,638 8,828 8,828 8,706 1,006 2,550 3,037 1,548 1,178 1,179 1,179 1,016 1,01
Lockport	65,368 6,905 2,350 2,350 3,950 2,000 2,000 2,000 2,000 2,000 107,290
Ием Florence.	1,400 1,000 1,000 1,450 1,450 1,410
Johnstown.	1465,846 82,584 92,584 95,221 4,530 4,530 7,015 6,331 19,500 119,500 119,500 119,500 119,500 119,500 119,500 119,500 119,500 119,500 119,500 119,500 119,500 119,500
Jimmus	23,806 1,155,902 902,603 1,455,846 63,461 65,368 78,1046 65,106 62,736 82,58 1,40 1,40 82,58 1,40 82,58 1,40 82,58 1,40 82,58 1,40 82,58 1,40 82,58 1,50 82,58 1,50 82,58 1,50 82,58 1,50 82,58 1,50 82,58 1,50 82,50
Hollidayabitg.	(195,902 (5,908 (196,902 (196,
.snootlA	2,423,806 1,116,271 1,116,271 1,116,271 1,116,271 1,116,271 1,116,71
Bell's Mills.	96,929 149,340 2,4 3,149 1,197 1,1 3,149 1,197 1,1 1,500 506 1,500 50,0 1,500 10,5 1,500 10,5 2,440 4,175 1,1 2,400 100 2,4
Fostoria.	140,340 24, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2
Front—To	Particularies Particularie

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ALFRED L. SMITH, Chief Clerk.

No. 14.

Statement comprising general information from books of freight department, of tonnage, mileage (tons carried one mile), cash receipts, State tax, &c.

	Tons t	Tons through	Tons	local	No. of ca	No. of cars to and	POU	POUNDS.	Tons Baltimore	ltimore	Tons	M	MILEAGE ON PENNSTLYANIA RAILROAD.	'ENNBYLVA!	NIA RAILBO	AD.
Months.	fre	freight.	frei	freight.	phia.	phia.	Average load per car.	erage load per car.	frei	freight.	moved.	THEC	THROUGH.	100	LOCAL.	
	East.	West.	East.	West.	East.	West.	East.	West.	East.	West.	Total.	East.	West.	East.	West.	Total.
January	3,664	2,351	5,142	2,867	1,567	1,555	7,317	3,669	2,460	1,437	14,023	819,537	525,051	136,791	466,782	2,548,161
February	3,538	4,559	5,947	3,263	1,533	1,587	696'9	5,658	3,194	1,196	17,306	188,961	1,016,606	937,438	481,178	3,224,183
March	3,654	5,605	3,727	2,493	1,784	1,918	4,954	6,585	1,716	66	15,479	814,940	1,249,880	344,161	453,342	2,862,323
April	4,811	3,560	3,104	3,639	1,910	1,836	7,342	5,207	749	111	16,115	1,295,863	793,943	363,888	374,464	2,828,158
Мау	2,614	1,675	2,799	2,815	1,457	1,536	4,734	3,760	707	220	9,904	583,540	373,536	325,639	273,583	1,556,298
June	1,051	1,258	2,621	1,836	808	740	1,328	5,406	436	103	9,766	234,332	280,440	237,146	160,825	912,743
July	712	1,158	2,293	2,368	181	693	4,450	2,500	245	93	6,531	158,797	258,189	218,960	175,324	811,270
August	905	4,668	3,341	2,591	1,718	1,545	2,985	6,430	269	258	11,506	201,816	1,040,898	330,618	242,196	1,815,528
September	1,381	3,553	3,150	3,050	1,612	1,490	3,940	6,290	380	158	11,134	307,382	792,364	299,620	269,376	1,669,242
October	2,705	4,658	3,735	3,379	1,900	1,681	8,281	6,785	270	₹ 89	14,477	457,468	912,312	315,600	272,524	1,957,904
November	4,514	2,300	7,450	4,050	1,878	1,790	8,340	8,110	280	273	18,314	1,250,000	468,800	421,250	1,033,392	3,173,442
December	5,108	2,497	6,129	4,344	2,824	2,739	6,328	2,400	. 655	537	18,078	1,388,964	556,807	525,495	500,024	2,971,290
_Totals	35,657	37,842	49,438	36,695	19,772	19,105	5,916	4,875	11,984	5,185	159,632	8,302,100	8,268,826	5,056,606	4,703,010	26,330,542

No. 14—Continued.

		MILEAGE ON		TONS	MILEAGE OF	STATE TAX ON		BEC	RECEIPTS	
Months.	Har. & Lan. R. R.	Columbia Rallroad.	Al. Por- tage R. R.	Subject to State tax.	Taxed tonnage.	Regular freights.	For freight proper.	For oyster ex. tolls, and from other sources.	For motive power on Har. & Lan. R. R.	Total.
January	245,218	662,116	284,968	13,515	2,542,902	\$7,628 70	\$173,364 46	\$969 16	06 606	\$175,243 62
February	348,388	770,765	240,472	16,878	3,219,131	9,657 39	213,669 11	770 40	863 35	215,302 86
March	337,296	819,942	275,001	14,937	2,855,935	8,567 80	196,395 41	829 32	1,030 48	198.255 21
April	353,622	961,716	278,328	15,289	2,819,594	8,458 78	133,592 31	1,120 93	996 34	135,709 58
May	188,076	518,831	127,387	9,362	1,550,000	4,650 00	75,661 85	1,335 08	96 129	17,624 89
June	104,899	298,377	68,559	6,121	905,703	2,717 12	41,708 44	1,286 09	516 24	49,510 77
July	94,026	259,388	63,109	5,678	804,080	2,412 24	43,357 26	1,570 01	516 04	45,443 31
August	203,684	561,886	188,079	10,695	1,808,158	5,424 47	97,686 89	3,298 97	665 65	101,651 51
September	214,969	810,563	166,517	10,113	1,660,288	4,980 86	93,837 11	19,062 15	684 25	113,583 51
October	241,164	685,420	145,237	13,212	1,953,460	5,860 38	98,906 76	4,762 41	814 83	104,484 00
November	378,276	1,082,652	315,176	17,850	3,166,554	9,499 66	123,613 59	10,919 91	768 29	135,291 79
Docember	349,263	1,010,425	275,134	17,540	2,966,144	8,898 43	148,478 68	6,175 61	765 26	155,419 55
Totals	3,058,881	8,224,536	2,427,967	151,190	26,251,949	\$78,755 83	\$1,446,261 87	\$52,100 04	\$9,158 69	\$1 507,520 50

ALFRED L. SMITH, Chief Clerk.

No. 15.-ANNUAL REPORT, 1853.

Statement showing the monthly expenditure in motive power, conducting transportation, maintenance of cars and maintenance of way departments, for year ending December 21, 1853.

	İ				CONDUCTING	TRANSPOR	TATION DE	CONDUCTING TRANSPORTATION DEPARTMENT.		MAINT	MAINTENANCE OF CARS	CARS	MAINT	MAINTENANCE OF WAY	WAY	
Months.	MOTIVE 1	MOTIVE POWER DEPARTMENT.	ARTMENT.	EAST	EASTERN DIVISION.	ом.	WES	WESTERN DIVISION.	IC N.	Ä	DEPARTMENT.		A -	DEPARTMENT.		Grand
	Eastern Division.	Eastern Western Division, Divis on.	Total.	Passeng'r Depart.	Freight Depart.	Total.	Passeng'r Depart.	Freight Depart.	Total.	E stern Division.	Western Division.	Total.	Eastern Division.	Western Division.	Total.	Totals
January \$13,010 02 \$5,846 09 \$1	\$13,010 02	\$5,846 00	\$18,856 11	\$13,475 48	8,856 11 \$13,475 48 \$47,383 67 \$60,859 15	\$60,859 15	,	\$20,366 16	\$9,399 32 \$20,366 16 \$29,765 48	\$7,640 00	\$1,600 15	\$9,240 15	\$3,679 12	\$2,329 24	\$6,008 36	\$124,729 25
February 13,579 24	13,579 24	5,806 58	19,385 82	11,916 50	51,503 14	63,419 64	7,124 04	22,682 31	29,806 35	8,191 46	1,119 00	9,310 46	3,954 43	2,286 50	6,240 93	128,163 20
March 16,525 51	16,525 51	6,373 00	22,858 51	30,582 94	65,394 76	95,977 70	12,345 90	19,553 21	11 668,18	8,736 19	1,384 54	10,120 73	4,791 52	2,558	50 7,350 02	168,206 07
April 17,072 02	17,072 02	1,769 81	24,841 83	26,796 82	39,546 42	66,343 24	9,829 08	21,255 45	31,084 53	7,241 90	2,942 11	10,184 01	5,886 91	2,297 10	8,184 01	140,637 62
May	17,434 74	7,220 57	24,655 31	20,536 12	29,035 74	49,571 86	10,017 64	19,370 05	29,387 69	8,311 13	2,524 66	10,835 78	5,152 40	2,342 23	7,494 63	121,945 27
June	20,427 42	10,298 23	30,725 65	23,040 99	18,563 63	41,604 62	10,456 76	11,531 37	21,988 13	8,063 21	2,776 68	10,839 89	6,603 77	2,334 35	8,938 12	114,09; 41
July	14,370 28	6,253 71	20,623 99	28,054 24	72,277	100,331 95	11,139 97	23,121 55	34,261 52	6,503 42	1,934 95	8,438 37	4,565 85	2,324 10	6,589 95	17',545 78
August 17,656 97	17,656 97	7,141 25	24,798 22	22,235 11	31,049 21	53,284 32	13,522 97	17,906 28	31,429 25	9,334 80	3,340 64	12,675 44	4,204 86	2,372 88	6,577 74	125,764 97
September 17,410 22	17,410 22	7,615 70	25,025 92	24,610 16	30,351 50	54,961 66	13,010 32	20,962 45	33,972 77	6,995 07	2,761 56	8,756 63	4,693 94	3,178 59	7,772 63	130,489 51
October 18,608 87	18,608 87	7,753 42	26,362 29	27,695 18	31,512 27	59,207 45	14,386 69	17,025 99	31,412 68	6,179 59	2,994 63	8,174 22	4,331 10	2,374 45	6,705 55	131,362 19
November 20,910 42	20,910 42	8,090 36	29,000 70	21,772 43	34,022 48	55,794 96	10,763 39	18,596 04	29,359 43	6,236 60	3,673 93	9,910 53	5,697 77	2,484 11	8,181,8	132,247 58
December 23,593 85	23,593 85	8,907 16	32,501 01	27,613 62	41,342 56	68,956 18	12,152 78	44,774 70	56,927 48	13,300 16	3,679 97	16,980 13	4,214 82	2,383 82	6,628 64	181,993 44
Totals 210,599 56 89,035 88 299,635 44 278,319 64 491,993 09 770,312 73 134,148 86 257,145 56 391,294 42 94,733 53	210,599 56	89,035 88	299,635 44	278,319 64	491,993 09	770,312 73	134,148 86	257,145 56	391,294 42	94,733 53	30,732 81	30,732 81 125,466 34	67,706 49	29,265 87	86,972 36	86,972 36 1,673,681 29

THOS. R. DAVIS, Chief Clerk Transportation Department.

No. 16.—Statement	of	expenditures	for	the	year	1853.

Heads of accounts.	CONDUCTING TATI		Maintenance of way.	Motive power.	Maintenance of cars.
neads of accounts.	Passengers.	Freight.	Maint	Motive	Maint
dvertising	\$4,801 99	\$2,542 74			
dvertising	10,471 06	15,176 23		1	
ar furniture and fixtures	2,007 42	81 55		. 1	
ity railroad tolls	379 37	3,430 86			
lerks	3,075 49 2,886 16	26,827 28 48	\$430 58	1	
leaning cars	14 3 7 42	17,125 68		į.	
columb a Railroad line	14,327 42 4.2 1 88	11,120 00			
Depot and shop rent	2,249 98 2,715 76 6,046 21	13,760 87		\$517 80	\$199 9 7
fluid for lights	2,715 76	2,074 08 22,659 47	63 55	2,129 11	73 00
oreign agencies	6,046 21	22,659 47	561 32	4 500 47	
ncidentals Loss and damage	8,740 99 10,706 41	17,861 90 85,902 02	001 32	4,560 47	635 4 0
Inil expenses	29,977 66	39 00		Į	
Office rent and furniture	1,610 37	1,043 51		1	•
Oil and tallow	1.813 71	6,619 41	712 73	14.214 53	
Repairs to buildings Stationery and printing	66 60	11 64	116 84	1,057 48	125 25
Stationery and printing	4,910 52	6,856 60 299,266 18	183 42	479 78	•
State tolls Superintendence	179,774 62 2,858 35	299,266 18 - 1,588 32	1 336 66	0.110 60	
reaming	4,080 88	12,622 42	1 330 00	2,116 66	
Folis on Har. and Lan. R.B	94,824 62	62,867 89			
Wages foremen, brakemen, and			1		
laborera	20,441 03	86,738 83 76,684 31	57,873 43	28,567 64	
State lax		76,684 31	ŀ		
Colla Balt, and Fus. Ralifoad		81,004 88	627 66		
Roils from and switches	•••••		2 639 49		
Repairs of bridges			1.518 76		
Repairs of telegraph			117 74		
Repairs of turn-tables			2,803 84		
Removing snow and ice			. 328 97		
Repairs road crossings	•••••••		835 64		
Renewing cross-ii s	••••••		1 088 13	· I	
Spikes			614 12		
Supervisors			1,800 00		
Taxes on real estate			3,232 96		
Tools, and repairing tools			1,806 75	10.004 #0	478 45
watchmen and switchmen		·¦····	8,057 95	12,894 78 13,389 14	
Cotton waste	•			3,156 50	
Engineers				31,890 58	
Expenses water stations				9.747 62	
Fuel for stationary engines				1,966 32	
Repairs to locomotives				70,151 38	
nepairs to toois and machinery.				7,433 27 58,454 38	
Labor preparing wood				24,488 23	
Individuals and corporations				12,419 77	
Repairs to passenger cars					34,396 80
laborers State tax I'ells Balt, and Fus. Reliroad Repairs of bridges. Repairs of telegraph Repairs of turn-tables Repairs of turn-tables Removing snow and ice Repairs of turn-tables Removing snow and ice Repairs road crossings Road and hand cars Spikes Supervisors Taxes on real estate Tools. and repairing tools Watchmen and switchmen. Cval Cal Expenses water stations Fuel for stationary engines Fuel for stationary engines Repairs to locomutives. Repairs to tools and machinery Wood Labor preparing wood Individuals and corporations Repairs to passenger cars Repairs to freight cars					89,557 4
Total	\$ 412,478 50	\$ 749,128 65	\$86,972 36	\$299,635 44	\$125,466 3
	RECAI	PITULATI	ON.		
Conducting transportation—pr Conducting transportation—fr Maintenance of way	ussengers				\$4 12, 47 8 5
Conducting transportation-fr	eight	•••••	••••		749,128 6
Matica power		••••••			86,972 3
Maintenance of cars	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		······································		299,635 4 125,466 3
Total					\$1,673,6 81 2

THOS. R. DAVIS, Chief Clerk Trans. Departm't.

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	Remarks.	57 In shop, receiving general repairs. 28 In a shop, receiving general repairs and new 45 in good order; tires have been renawed. 19 In good order; tires have been renawed. 19 In good order; new. 45 in the shop, receiving general repairs. 45 in the shop, receiving general repairs. 45 in the shop, receiving general repairs. 58 In good order; has been thoroughly repaired. 28 Rebuilt at Mifflin shop; in good order. 58 In good order; new. 56 In good order; new. 10 In good order; new. 30 In good order; new. 11 In good order; new. 12 In good order; new. 13 In good order; new. 14 In good order; new. 15 In good order; new. 16 In good order; new. 17 In good order; new. 18 In good order; new. 19 In running order; new. 19 In good order; new. 10 In good order; new. 10 In muning order; new. 10 In good order; new.
.aəlim (Total cost per 100	75 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
MILES	Oil, tallow, fluid, and waste.	2000 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100
E 100 1 BUN.	Fuel.	\$\$\pi \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \
COST PER 100 MILES RUN.	Repairs.	88 4 6 7 2 7 2 7 3 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3
3	Cost of repairs.	25,256 525 625 625 625 625 625 625 625 625
les run.	im 19dmun latoT	22,186 22,2874 2,2874 1,186 1,186 1,186 1,186 1,186 1,187
	Miles run, freight	2,520 2,622 1,1865 1,1865 1,1865 1,1875 1,18
enger	Miles run, pass trains.	27,186 260 250 200,488 3,148 11,540 19,872 19,872 19,872 19,872 19,873 10,873 10,873 10,873 1
• 8.	Weight on driver	25.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.
} } 	Weight	24,275 5 38,575 5 38,
	Size of driver	වෙත සහ ක්ක්ෂය වෙත
. sa	Number drivers.	1852 4 1852 4 1853 4 1853 6 1853 6 1853 6 1853 6 1853 6 1853 7 1853 7 1853 7 1853 7 1853 7 1853 7 1853 7 1853 8 1853 8 1854 8 1854 8 1855 8 18
	Placed on road.	
	Builders.	Seth Wilmarth M. W. Baldwin Smith & Perkins. M. W. Baldwin """ """ """ """ """ """ """ """ ""
	Engines.	Antelope Astalanta Astalanta Astalanta Astalanta Astalanta Atmistrong Atmona, and a stalanta Admona

Engines -Continued.
7
Expenses
and
7.—Wileage
No. 1

				:			2		1	to the second of	2			.			
							Ret	.eai.e	.un.		C08T P	COST PER 100 MILES	MILES	iles.			
				·B.I			260	13 S	89[α 0			
Engines.	Builders.	. . bвот п	drivers.	evinb lo			run, pas trains.	dgierft , n	ian 16dan	epsirs,			llow, d waste.	OI reg t		Bemarks.	
		Placed o	Yadını V →	ezig =	Weight.	Welght o	. 89 TT#	ur səlild	un latoT	T 10 1809	Repairs.	Fuel.	st "liO gra "biuft	Total cos			
Erie.	M. W. Baldwin Oct.	Oct. 1850 Oct. 1850	44	9 4 6	12.800	25,400	228	¦2 =		\$1,333 21 960 95	=≈	90.\$10 88 30 21 74	24 so		23 In good	20 23 In good order; new. 36 97 In shop, receiving general repairs.	1
Eagle	Seth Wilmarth	April, 1853	4	9 9			24,932		24,93.7		33	G	2	2	25 In shor	25 In shop, receiving new tires.	
Fayette Franklin	M. W. Baldwin	Feb, 1×52 Oct 1×49	44	46	46,400 2 30,650 1	27,640	138	138 15,742 1 808 8,062 1	15,880	1.165 60	7 6 16	12 37	1 2 3 2 3	នដ	26 In tole: 27 In good	26 In tolerable order; tires need turning off. 27:In good order: thereughly renaired.	
Fulton	3 :	Nov., 1853	4	9		_:		793	793	88 53	00 0	9 32	12	4:	78 In good	78 In guod order; new.	
Forrest	: :	Oct., 1853	4 4	9 4	46.4000	07 840	109	2,126	2,126	82 05 1732 10	36	3 : 2 :	27.74	38	25 In good	94 In good order; new.	
Greensburg	Smith & Perkin	Nov., 1853	# 10	380	55,800 44,600	900	_		1,741		4 25		2 62	17	26 In good	26 In good order; new.	
Huntingdon	Huntingdon M. W. Baldwin Nov., 1849	Nov., 1849	4:	4 6	15,275 25,825	5,825	106	14,698 14,804	11,804		9	7 51	122	22	57 In runt	57 In running order.	•
Harrieburg	Norrie & Bro	Oct 1851	9 4	9 4	28,900 12,000	2,000	1 690	080	26.5	15.4 18.4 18.5	6 19	98	3 - 2 -	4 5	32 Kebulit 77 In run	32 Rebuilt at Altoons shop; sold to Fittsburg!	nrgn R R
Indiana	ndianaJu. W. BaldwinJun.		10	6 4	44,800				10,599		101	10 25	15	2 22	96 Still ru	96 Still running; needs general repairs.	į
Juniata	: :	Nov., 1849	44 6	4 4 4	45,275 2		***	20,048	20,186	929 85	7 7		1 86		40 In shop, recei	40 In shop, receiving new tires and general re-	<u> </u>
Johnstown	Smith & Perkir	Dec. 1853	9	0 00	55,800	44,600	-	1,215	1.215	28 78	2 39	9	38		3 In cood	new.	pairs.
Kiskiminitas	Norris & Son	May, 1853	4	,			7,086		8,787	673 83	-		1 32	ន	54 In shop	shop; needs two new flanged tires.	
Kitanning	3 3	May, 1853	₩ -	9 4	58,500 3	35,400			9,863	1,066 86	10 88	0 79	1 59	37	26 In runt	26 In running order; needs new fluce.	
Lebanon M.	M. W. Baldwin	Sept., 1852	+ 10	9		:	0,421	18.876	18,876	_			9 8	14	29 In good	os in good order; new. 29 In good order: has been thoroughly renaired.	ired.
Lancaster	* :	Jan., 1863	9	3 6 5	59,600	48,20		6,362 1	16,362		3 20	18 9	. 80	=:	11 Runnin	11 Running; needs general repairs.	
Lycoming	: :	Mar., 1852	4 6	9 4	40,400 Z	27,640 46 100		22,040,22	18,191	1.466.26		12 01	79 -	2 %	3 In rood	os in running order. 33 In good order: has been thoroughly renaired	ired
Latrobe	atrobe Smith & Perkins Dec.	Dec., 1852	9	00		41,800			10 502		6 62		1 24		60 In good	good order.	
Mifflin	M. W. Baldwin	Sept., 1849	C1 4	9 6	24,800	23.300 20.562	c	2,660	23,272	2,697 48		8 17	1 49		28 In running or	28 In running order; rebuilt by M. W. Baldwin.	lwin.
Mononguhela	Norris & Son	June, 1853	4	•		•	4.520		6,788			;=	1 77	8	19 In shop	49 In shop, having tires turned off.	
Northumberland	Northumberland M. W. Baldwin Jan., 1853	Jan., 1853	9	3 6 5	59,600	• •	_	5,362 1	15,362		9 37	9	99.	82	33 In shop	shop, undergoing general repairs.	
Pike	: :	April, 1852	4.0	4.0	7,400 2	2,000,01	_	25.5	0,430	976	200	2 5	7	7 5	78 In good	78 In good order; has been thoroughly repaired.	ired.
T carrose		OC.	1	7 0 #	-			_	# TO 6		7 .	9	9		ions ny	, peing repuir.	
			-	-		-	-	-	-					4			[

No. 17.—Mileage and Expenses of Engines-Continued.

	- <u>r</u>	Romarks.		27 In running order. 60 In good order; new. 11 In good order; new. 12 In good order; new. 13 In good order; new. 16 In good order; new. 16 In running order; will soon need new tires. 16 In running order; lass had new flues and flue for In good order. 17 In good order; 18 In good order; new. 18 In good order; new. 19 In good order; has been thoroughly repaired. 19 In good order; has been thoroughly repaired. 19 In good order; has been thoroughly repaired. 10 In good order; has been thoroughly repaired. 16 In ahop, receiving new crown sheet. 17 In allop; neede new tires. 18 In good order; has had new tires. 19 In good order; has had new tires. 10 In good order; has had new tires. 10 In good order; has had new tires. 10 In good order; has had new tires. 11 In good order; has had new tires. 12 Intention order.
, •	eolim (tal cost per 100	oT	841425682435555146848
	ETTES	wollst tilO, essaw bas bi	ույ	58 45 59 59 59 59 59 59 59 59 59 59 59 59 59
	COST PER 100 MILES		n.I	\$6 10 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
:	COST PE	.srisq	ъя	112 33 33 38 38 38 38 38 38 38 38 38 38 38
. –		st of repairs.	∞o.	\$1,631 98 \$1 229 87 129 87 129 87 90 67 90 67 90 67 90 68 1,106 43 1,106 43
•	aut 89.	lion 19danun lai	ιoΤ	13,211 6,369 2,916 24,318 24,712 5,423 7,424 11,134 11,108 11,708
-	eniart	tes run, freight	!IX	13,211 6,240 3,166 1,716 1,782 10,434 11,309 11,509 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504
-	enger	Miles run, pass trains.	ı	2,997 22,603 22,603 22,632 3,646 6,888 11,006 22,311 836 12,549 4,203
-	Weight on drivers.		θW	28,600 28,600 28,800 38,600 38,600 28,600 28,600 30
-	Weight⊷		θW	55,800 56,800 38,675 47,400 58,500 58,500 47,400 45,900 45,900 38,675 58,500
' -	.8	Size of driver	ft.in.	ಜಬಬರಾರಾದಾಜಾರಾಜಾಶಗಳ ಪಟ್ಟಾಗಳು ರಾಜಯ ೧ ರಾಥ ಬರಾದರ ಪ
-	Number drivers.		ıπN	<u> </u>
	Рівсей оп това.		Pla	a. Sept., 1853 a. Sept., 1853 a. Aug., 1853 b. Aug., 1853 a. Jan., 1852 Jan., 1853 a. Jan., 1853 a. Jan., 1853 b. Jan., 1853 b. Jan., 1853 c. Oct., 1859 a. Oct., 1859 a. Oct., 1859 a. Jan., 1853 b. Jan., 1853 a. Jan., 1853
	Buildors.			Smith & Perkins. Norris & Son Norris & Son Norris & Son Ross Winsns Ross Winsns M. W. Baldwin M. W. Baldwin M. W. Baldwin M. W. Son
		Engines.		Pluto

Number of miles run with passenger trains 653.764
Number of miles run with freight trains 653.764
Total number of miles run 6965,448
Total cost of repairs 659.748
Average cost of repairs per 100 miles run 659.748

\$70,151 38 7 06 WM. M. McCLURE, Chief Glerk Motive Power Department.